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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 26, 2002, 08:04:11 ; Search time 23.85 Seconds
(without alignments)
15.529 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-658-315-9
Perfect score: 26
Sequence: 1 DRVYI 5

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 522463 seqs, 74073290 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 522463

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : A_Geneseq_1101.*
1: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1980.DAT.*
2: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1981.DAT.*
3: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1982.DAT.*
4: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1983.DAT.*
5: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1984.DAT.*
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7: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1986.DAT.*
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15: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA1994.DAT.*
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21: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2000.DAT.*
22: /SID88/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseq/AA2001.DAT.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

| Result No. | Score | Query Match | Length | DB ID | Description |
|------------|-------|-------------|--------|-------|-----------------------------|
| 1 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 17 | AA95670 Angiotensin II fra |
| 2 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 19 | AAW64736 Angiotensin II pep |
| 3 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 19 | AAW65605 Angiotensin II ana |
| 4 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 19 | AAW71118 Peptide AII(1-5) u |
| 5 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV49594 Angiotensin analog |
| 6 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV33909 Angiotensin II ana |
| 7 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV30547 Amino acid sequenc |
| 8 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV30591 Amino acid sequenc |
| 9 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV32722 Angiotensin II ana |
| 10 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV33776 Angiotensin II (AI |
| 11 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV15353 Angiotensin II (AI |

| | | | | | |
|----|----|-------|---|----|-----------------------------|
| 12 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 20 | AAV15313 Angiotensin II (AI |
| 13 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 21 | AA927409 Angiotensin II ana |
| 14 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 21 | AA928107 Angiotensin II ana |
| 15 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 21 | AAV84568 Amino acid sequenc |
| 16 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 21 | AAV84132 Peptide comprising |
| 17 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 21 | AAV77045 Angiotensin II (AI |
| 18 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 21 | AAV57409 Angiotensin peptid |
| 19 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 22 | AA902996 Human angiotensin |
| 20 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 22 | AA903159 Human angiotensin |
| 21 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 22 | AA960413 C-terminally trunc |
| 22 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 17 | AA95669 Angiotensin II fra |
| 23 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 19 | AAW65804 Angiotensin II ana |
| 24 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 19 | AAW64735 Angiotensin II pep |
| 25 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 19 | AAW71117 Peptide AII(1-6) u |
| 26 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV49593 Angiotensin analog |
| 27 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV33908 Angiotensin II ana |
| 28 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV30546 Amino acid sequenc |
| 29 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV30590 Amino acid sequenc |
| 30 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV32721 Angiotensin II ana |
| 31 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV33775 Angiotensin II (AI |
| 32 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV15352 Angiotensin II (AI |
| 33 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 20 | AAV15312 Angiotensin II (AI |
| 34 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 21 | AA927408 Angiotensin II ana |
| 35 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 21 | AA928106 Angiotensin II ana |
| 36 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 21 | AAV84131 Peptide comprising |
| 37 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 21 | AAV77044 Angiotensin II (AI |
| 38 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 21 | AAV57408 Angiotensin peptid |
| 39 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 22 | AA902995 Human angiotensin |
| 40 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 22 | AA903158 Human angiotensin |
| 41 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 17 | AA95665 Angiotensin II fra |
| 42 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 19 | AAW65600 Angiotensin II ana |
| 43 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 19 | AAW64731 Angiotensin II pep |
| 44 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 19 | AAV71113 Peptide AII(1-7) u |
| 45 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 20 | AAV49589 Angiotensin analog |

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
AA95670
ID AA95670 standard; peptide; 5 AA.
XX
AC AA95670;
XX
DT 09-JAN-1997 (first entry)
XX
XX
DE Angiotensin II fragment AII(1-5).

XX Angiotensin II; AT2; vasoconstrictor; arteriole; angiotensin; renin;
KW angiotensinogen; angiotensinase; wound repair; tissue growth; skin; burn;
KW ulcer; periodontal disease; intraperitoneal surgical wound; hypertensive.
XX
OS Synthetic.

XX
PN WO9614858-A1.
XX
PD 23-MAY-1996.
XX
PF 14-NOV-1995; 95WO-US14764.
XX
PR 06-JUN-1995; 95US-0465775.
PR 14-NOV-1994; 94US-0337781.
XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
XX Dizerega GS, Rodgers K;
XX WPI; 1996-259561/26.

XX Accelerating wound healing by application of angiotensin II
PT fragments - are effective at very low concn. and do not cause
PT hypertension

XX Disclosure; Page 4; 46pp; English.

XX AAR95663-R95672 represent fragments of angiotensin II (AT2). AT2 (see

CC AAR95662) is an octapeptide present in humans and other species. AT2 is

CC one of the most potent vasoconstrictors known, causing constriction of

CC the arterioles. The formation of angiotensin is initiated by the action

CC of renin on angiotensinogen. The substance formed is a decapeptide

CC called angiotensin I which is converted by the enzyme angiotensinase (by

CC removal of the C-terminal His-Leu) into AT2. AT2 increases the release

CC of extracellular matrices involved in wound repair. These fragments can

CC be used in a compound for accelerating wound healing. The compounds can

CC administered as matricial or micellar solutions formulated with a

CC carrier or diluent, alternatively the compound is applied in conjuncture

CC with a wound dressing. The carrier used in the composition is

CC preferably carboxymethylcellulose, crystalloids, viscoelastics, or poly

CC glycols. By using fragments of this sequence (or analogues of it),

CC growth as well as healing of tissues is improved, such as in cases of

CC wounds on the skin (e.g. ulcers, burns, periodontal disease, cuts) or

CC intraperitoneal surgical wounds. The compounds containing the AT2

CC fragments are less hypertensive than full length AT2, and are also

CC effective at much lower (nanomolar) concentrations than full length AT2.

XX

SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 17; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 |||||
 Db 1 drvyl 5

RESULT 2

AAW64736
 ID AAW64736 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

AC AAW64736;

DT 02-NOV-1998 (first entry)

DE Angiotensin II peptide #8.

KW Proliferation; mesenchymal stem cell; lineage-specific cell;
 KW haematopoietic; cell culture; transplantation; treatment; malignant;
 KW inherited disease; angiotensinogen; angiotensin I; angiotensin II.

OS Synthetic.

OS Homo sapiens.

PN W09832457-A2.

XX 30-JUL-1998.

XX 26-JAN-1998; 98WO-US01552.

XX 23-JAN-1998; 98US-0066593.

XX 28-JAN-1997; 97US-0036507.

XX 08-MAY-1997; 97US-0046859.

XX 28-OCT-1997; 97US-0063684.

XX 31-OCT-1997; 97US-0063910.

XX 18-NOV-1997; 97US-0065612.

XX 26-NOV-1997; 97US-0066593.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Dizerega G, Rodgers KE;

XX WPI; 1998-437044/37.

XX Promoting haematopoietic and mesenchymal cell proliferation and

4

PT differentiation - by contacting the cells with angiotensinogen,
 PT angiotensin I or II, or analogues or fragments of these

XX

PS Claim 7; Page 14; 114pp; English.

XX AAW64728-R64763 are peptides used in a novel method for accelerating the

CC proliferation of mesenchymal stem cells (MSCs), haematopoietic

CC lineage-specific cells or mesenchymal lineage-specific cells. The method

CC involves contacting the cells with an active agent comprising a sequence

CC consisting of at least three contiguous amino acids of groups R1-R8 in

CC the sequence of formula, R1-R2-R3-R4-R5-R6-R7-R8. R1 and R2 together

CC form a group of formula X-Ra-Rb-, X = H or a 1-3 peptide group, R3 = Val,

CC Ala, Leu, norLeu, Ile, Gly, Pro, Aib, Acpc (1-aminocyclopentane

CC carboxylic acid) or Tyr, R4 = Tyr, Tyr(P03)2, Thr, Ser, homoSer or

CC azArg, R5 = Ile, Ala, Leu, norLeu, Val or Gly; R6 = His, Arg or

CC 6-NH2-Phe, R7 = Pro or Ala, R8 = Phe, Phe(Br), Ile or Tyr, Ra and Rb are

CC not defined in the specification, the peptide bond between Ra and Rb is

CC labile to aminopeptidase A cleavage excluding sequences including R4 as a

CC terminal Tyr group. A second active agent comprising a sequence

CC consisting of at least three contiguous amino acids of groups R2-R8 in

CC the sequence of formula R2-R3-R4-R5-R6-R7-R8 where R2 = H, Arg, Lys, Ala,

CC Orn, Ser(Ac), Sar, D-Arg or D-Lys; R3, R4, R5, R6, R7, R8 is also

CC described. The inventions are particularly useful in cell culture

CC mediums. These cells may be used in transplantation techniques for

CC treatment of malignant or inherited diseases. The formulae represent

CC analogues of angiotensinogen, angiotensin I (AI), angiotensin II (AII),

CC or AII AT2 type 2 receptor agonists.

SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 19; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 |||||
 Db 1 drvyl 5

RESULT 3

AAW65605

ID AAW65605 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

AC AAW65605;

DT 09-NOV-1998 (first entry)

DE Angiotensin II analogue, AII(1-5).

XX angiotensin II; skin graft; AII analogue; tissue repair; vasoconstrictor;
 KW wound healing.

OS Synthetic.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX W09826795-A1.

XX 25-JUN-1998.

XX 16-DEC-1997; 97WO-US23461.

XX 15-DEC-1997; 97US-0990664.

XX 16-DEC-1996; 96US-0028310.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Dizerega GS, Rodgers KE;

XX WPI; 1998-362518/31.

XX Promoting incorporation of skin graft onto underlying tissue -
 PT comprises pre-treating graft with angiotensin II, or analogue or

PT peptide fragment

PS Disclosure; Page 6; 82pp; English.

XX The invention relates to the use of angiotensin II (AII), AII analogues, AII fragments and AII fragment analogues for promoting incorporation of a skin graft into underlying tissue of a mammal. The peptides are effective in accelerating the growth or healing of skin grafts and in accelerating re-epithelialisation and tissue repair, even at very low concentrations. They can significantly accelerate the rate of healing at nanomolar levels in vivo. AII accelerates wound repair by increased neovascularisation, growth factor release, re-epithelialisation, extracellular matrix production and increased flow of blood and nutrients to the injured tissue. Use of the above peptides other than AII itself (an extremely potent vasoconstrictor) may avoid the side-effects of AII, such as increase in blood pressure and thirst. The present sequence represents an angiotensin II fragment.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 19; Length 5;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
| | | | |

Db 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 4

AAW71118
ID AAW71118 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX AAW71118;

XX 27-OCT-1998 (first entry)

DE Peptide AII(1-5) used to accelerate thermal wound healing.

XX Angiotensin; AII; acceleration; thermal wound healing; human;
KW growth factor release; neovascularisation; re-epithelialisation;
KW extracellular matrix production.

XX Synthetic.

XX WO9833813-A2.

XX 06-AUG-1998.

XX 04-FEB-1998; 98WO-US02049.

XX 04-FEB-1997; 97US-0037166.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Dizerega G, Rodgers KE;

XX WPI; 1998-437391/37.

XX Methods for accelerating thermal wound healing in humans - using
PT angiotensinogen II and AII analogues

PS Claim 3; Page 9; 58pp; English.

XX AAW71110-27 represent peptide used in the method of the invention. The
CC Specification describes a method of accelerating thermal wound healing
CC in humans. The method comprises applying to the thermally injured tissue
CC an amount of at least one active agent which comprises the peptides
CC AAW71115-27. The method can be used to promote the healing of thermal
CC wounds by accelerating growth factor release, neovascularisation,
CC re-epithelialisation and extracellular matrix production. The sequences
CC are analogues of the angiotensin or angiotensinogen family of proteins.

XX SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 19; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
| | | | |

Db 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 5

AAAY49594

ID AAY49594 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX AAY49594;

XX 13-JAN-2000 (first entry)

XX Angiotensin analogue peptide SEQ ID NO:9.

XX Angiotensin I; angiotensin II; angiotensinogen; AI; AII; Infection;
KW receptor agonist; septic shock; peritonitis; bacteraemia; endotoxaemia.

XX Synthetic.

XX WO9952540-A1.

XX 21-OCT-1999.

XX 07-APR-1999; 99WO-US07654.

XX 09-APR-1998; 98US-0081262.

XX 12-JUN-1998; 98US-0089024.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Rodgers KE, Dizerega G;

XX WPI; 1999-620285/53.

XX Treating or preventing infections in mammals using peptides derived
PT from angiotensin or angiotensin receptor agonists

PS Claim 2; Page 10; 91pp; English.

XX The present invention describes a method for treating or preventing
CC infections in mammals by administering peptides (A) that are fragments
CC or analogues (or their fragments) of angiotensinogen, angiotensins I or
CC II, or angiotensin II AT₂-type receptor agonists. (A) contain at least
CC 3 consecutive amino acids (aa) from the sequence (S1):
CC RI-R2-R3-R4-R5-R6-R7-R8 (S1); where R1 and R2 together = X-Ra-Rb-;
CC X = hydrogen or 1-3 aa; Ra = Asp, Glu, Asn, Acpc (1-aminocyclopentane
CC carboxylic acid), Ala, dimethylglycine, Pro, betaine, Glu(NH₂), Gly,
CC Asp(NH₂) or succinyl; Rb = Arg, Lys, Ala, ornithine, acetyl-Ser,
CC sarcosine, D-Arg or D-Lys; R3 = Val, Ala, Leu, norleucine (Nle), Lys,
CC Ile, Gly, Pro, Aib (2-aminoisobutyric acid), Acpc or Tyr; R4 = Tyr
CC (optionally phosphorylated), Thr, Ser, homoserine, Pro, Ala or aza-Tyr;
CC R5 = Ile, Ala, Leu, Nle, Val or Gly; R6 = His, Arg or 6-amino-Phe;
CC R7 = Pro or Ala; R8 = Phe, 4-bromo-Phe, Ile or Tyr; proviso =
CC sequences having R4 as a terminal Tyr residue are excluded. The method
CC is particularly used in cases of bacterial infection (e.g. septic shock,
CC peritonitis, bacteraemia or endotoxaemia) but also against viral and
CC parasitic infections. AAY49596 to AAY49623 represent specifically
CC claimed examples of (A).

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 6

AAAY33909
ID AAY33909 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX
AC AAY33909;

XX 29-NOV-1999 (first entry)

XX Angiotensin II analogue AII(1-5).

XX embryonic stem cell; ES; angiotensin; totipotent cell;
KW gene therapy; replacement therapy; angiotensin II; AII;
KW analogue.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO9942122-A1.

XX 26-AUG-1999.

XX 16-FEB-1999; 99WO-US03243.

XX 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0075179.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Dizerega G, Rodgers KE;

XX WPI; 1999-527419/44.

XX Promoting embryonal cell proliferation, using angiotensinogen and
PT angiotensin peptides, analogs or fragments

XX Claim 2; Page 8; 76pp; English.

XX This is the amino acid sequence of the Angiotensin II analogue,
CC AII(1-5). The formation of Angiotensin II (AII) is initiated by the
CC action of renin on the plasma substrate angiotensinogen.
CC This results in Angiotensin I (AI) which then converted to AII by the
CC converting enzyme angiotensinase which removes the C-terminal His-Leu
CC residues from AI (AAY42372).

CC Angiotensinogen, Angiotensin I (AI), AI analogs, AI fragments and
CC analogs, Angiotensin II (AII), AII analogs, AII fragments or analogs,
CC or AII AT2 type 2 receptor agonists can rapidly provide a large
CC population of ESCs (Embryonic Stem Cell) for use in replacement
CC therapy. Similarly, methods that increase in vivo proliferation of
CC ESCs will enhance the utility of replacement therapy by rapidly
CC increasing local concentration of the stem cells and their progeny at
CC the site of therapy.

CC The method also increases the potential utility of ESCs as vehicles
CC for gene therapy in certain disorders by more efficiently providing
CC a large number of such cells for transfection, and also by providing a
CC more efficient means to rapidly expand transfect ESCs.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 7

AAAY30547
ID AAY30547 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX
AC AAY30547;

XX 18-NOV-1999 (first entry)

XX Amino acid sequence of angiotensin II fragment AII1-5.

XX Angiotensin; analogue; tissue equivalent; cell proliferation.

XX Synthetic.

XX WO9946285-A2.

XX 16-SEP-1999.

XX 11-MAR-1999; 99WO-US05261.

XX 11-MAR-1998; 98US-0077499.

XX 12-JUN-1998; 98US-0089064.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Rodgers KE, Dizerega G;

XX WPI; 1999-551360/46.

XX An improved method for producing a tissue equivalent with angiotensin I
PT and II derived active agents -

XX Claim 2; Page 56; 83pp; English.

XX AAY30539-80 represent angiotensin I (AI) and angiotensin (II), AII
CC fragments and AII analogues. The peptides are used in the method
CC of the invention. The specification describes an improved method
CC for producing a tissue equivalent. The method comprises contacting
CC the tissue equivalent with angiotensin I and II derived active
CC agents. The methods are used for production and culture of tissue
CC equivalents (three-dimensional cell and tissue culture systems),
CC chosen from skin, dermis, bone, bone marrow, pancreas, heart valve,
CC vascular graft, cartilage, ligament, collagen lattice, liver and
CC kidney tissue equivalents. The methods and tissue culture systems
CC are used for the long-term proliferation of cells and tissues
CC in an in vitro environment that more closely approximates that found
CC in vivo.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 8

AAAY30591
ID AAY30591 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX
AC AAY30591;

XX 18-NOV-1999 (first entry)

XX Amino acid sequence of an angiotensin II (AII) fragment AII1-5.

XX Angiotensin; analogue; radiation mitigation; tissue damage;
KW radiation therapy; bone marrow transplantation;
KW megakaryocyte production; platelet production; cancer therapy;

KW gene therapy; hematopoietic disorder.

XX Synthetic.

XX WO9945945-A1.

XX 16-SEP-1999.

XX 08-MAR-1999; 99WO-US05194.

XX 10-MAR-1998; 98US-0077382.

XX 09-APR-1998; 98US-0081262.

XX 30-APR-1998; 98US-0083670.

XX 19-JUN-1998; 98US-0090096.

XX 22-JUN-1998; 98US-0090216.

XX 11-SEP-1998; 98US-0099957.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

PA (RODG/) RODGERS K E.

PA (DIZE/) DIZEREGA G.

PI Rodgers KE, Dizerega G;

XX WPI; 1999-551209/46.

XX Claim 2; Page 89; 116pp; English.

CC AAY30583-Y30620 represent angiotensin I (AI) and angiotensin (II), AII fragments and AII analogues. The peptides are used in the method of the invention. The specification describes a method for mitigating radiation induced tissue damage, improving the effectiveness of radiation therapy, to support bone marrow transplantation, and promoting megakaryocyte production and mobilization and platelet production. The method comprises administration of the present peptides. The methods can be used to mitigate radiation induced tissue damage, to improve the effectiveness of radiation therapy, to support bone marrow transplantation, and to promote megakaryocyte production and mobilization and platelet production. They are used particularly in cancer therapy. They can also be used to provide megakaryocytes as vehicles for gene therapy in hematopoietic disorders, by providing a more efficient means to rapidly expand transduced megakaryocytes.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 9

AAV32722
ID AAY32722 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX AAY32722;

XX 09-NOV-1999 (first entry)

XX Angiotensin II analogue AII(1-5).

XX Angiotensin II; AII; hepatocyte; proliferation; mitogenesis;
KW chemotaxis; growth factor; liver regeneration; cirrhosis;
KW hepatocarcinoma; hepatectomy; transplantation.

XX Synthetic.

OS Homo sapiens.
XX WO9939743-A2.
XX 12-AUG-1999.
XX 08-FEB-1999; 99WO-US02618.
XX 13-NOV-1998; 98US-0108412.
XX 09-FEB-1998; 98US-0074104.
XX (DIZE/) DIZEREGA G.
XX (RODG/) RODGERS K E.
XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Dizerega G, Rodgers KE;

XX WPI; 1999-508461/42.

XX Hepatic cell proliferation with angiotensin I and II derived active agents, useful for regeneration of liver after resection

XX Claim 2; Page 9; 66pp; English.

CC Peptides AAY32715-Y32749 are angiotensin II (AII) analogues. The peptides are derived from the AII peptide (AAY32750). AII increases the mitogenesis and chemotaxis in cultured cells, and also increases the release of growth factors and extracellular matrices. AII has also been shown to increase the proliferation of certain cell types. The AII analogue peptides can be used as the active agent in a method for promoting hepatic cell proliferation and differentiation. The method involves contacting the hepatic cells with an amount effective enough to promote proliferation of any of the peptides. This method is useful in liver regeneration following resection of hepatocarcinomas, hepatitis infection, cirrhosis of the liver, partial hepatectomy, fulminant hepatic failure, hepatocyte transplantation, liver transplantation and other hepatic disorders where rapid regeneration of the liver is desirable. The methods are also useful in rapidly providing a large population of hepatic cells for use in cell therapy and for providing a large population of transduced hepatic cells for use in gene therapy.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 10

AAV33776
ID AAY33776 standard; peptide; 5 AA.

XX AAY33776;

XX 09-NOV-1999 (first entry)

XX Angiotensin II (AII) octapeptide fragment AII(1-5).

XX Angiotensin II; wound healing; mitogenesis; chemotaxis; growth factor;
KW neuronal cell proliferation; differentiation; Alzheimer's disease;
KW Parkinson's disease; neuron replacement therapy.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO9942123-A1.

XX 26-AUG-1999.

XX

PF 19-FEB-1999; 99WO-US03772.
 PR 19-FEB-1998; 98US-0075232.
 XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
 XX Dizerega G, Rodgers KE;
 PI WPI; 1999-527420/44.
 DR Promoting neuronal cell proliferation and differentiation
 XX Claim 2; Page 10; 62pp; English.
 PS Sequences AAY33769-Y33802 are fragments or analogues of the angiotensin
 XX II (AII) octapeptide (AAY33768) and they have AT2 agonist activity. The
 CC application of angiotensin to wound tissue significantly increases the
 CC rate of wound healing. AII is known to increase mitogenesis and
 CC chemotaxis in cultured cells, and also increases their release of growth
 CC factors and extracellular matrices, implicating it in cell growth and
 CC differentiation. AT2 receptors are receptors for AII and are thought to
 CC be involved in the mediation of the cell differentiation effects of AII.
 CC Peptides AAY33768-Y33802 are used in a method for promoting neuronal
 CC cell proliferation or differentiation. This method is useful in the
 CC treatment of Alzheimer's and Parkinson's diseases by neuron replacement
 CC therapy.
 XX Q# 1 DRVYI 5
 DB 1 drvyi 5
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Q# 1 DRVYI 5
 DB 1 drvyi 5
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;

RESULT 11
 AAY15353
 ID AAY15353 standard; peptide; 5 AA.
 XX AAY15353;
 XX 09-NOV-1999 (first entry)
 DT Angiotensin II (AII) analogue, AII(1-5).
 DE burst forming units-erythroid; BFU-E; erythropoiesis; angiotensin;
 KW AII; analogue; chronic renal failure; cancer; bone marrow.
 XX Synthetic.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX WO9940106-A2.
 PN 12-AUG-1999.
 PD 08-FEB-1999; 99WO-US02648.
 PF 09-DEC-1998; 98US-0111535.
 PR 09-FEB-1998; 98US-0074106.
 XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
 XX Dizerega G, Rodgers KE;
 PI WPI; 1999-508486/42.
 DR Promoting erythropoiesis with angiotensin I and II derived active
 XX agents, useful for treatment of, e.g. congenital or acquired
 PT aplastic or hypoplastic anemia

XX Claim 2; Page 10; 76pp; English.
 PS This sequence is an angiotensin II (AII) analogue. Similar sequences
 CC also based on the AII peptide have been tested against each other, AII
 CC and a negative control. These active agents have been shown to affect
 CC the levels of BFU-E (burst forming units-erythroid) in culture.
 CC The active agents (AAY15348, AAY15359, AAY15372, AAY15379, and AAY15380)
 CC augment erythropoiesis by potentiating erythropoietin-induced
 CC differentiation. Increasing the rate of erythropoiesis improves clinical
 CC benefits for the treatment of congenital or acquired aplastic or
 CC hypoplastic anemia associated with chronic renal failure, end-stage renal
 CC disease, renal transplantation, cancer, AIDS, chemotherapy, radiotherapy,
 CC bone marrow transplantation and chronic diseases.
 CC The active agents permit the use of smaller doses of erythropoietin
 CC therefore decreasing treatment costs.
 XX Q# 1 DRVYI 5
 DB 1 drvyi 5
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Q# 1 DRVYI 5
 DB 1 drvyi 5
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;

RESULT 12
 AAY15313
 ID AAY15313 standard; peptide; 5 AA.
 XX AAY15313;
 XX 09-NOV-1999 (first entry)
 DT Angiotensin II (AII) analogue, AII(1-5).
 DE angiotensin; angiotensin II; AII; wound healing; scarring;
 KW tissue repair; agonist; analogue.
 XX Synthetic.
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX WO9940107-A2.
 PN 12-AUG-1999.
 PD 08-FEB-1999; 99WO-US02725.
 PF 09-FEB-1998; 98US-0074105.
 PR (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.
 XX Dizerega G, Rodgers KE;
 PI WPI; 1999-508487/42.
 DR Epithelial stem cell and keratinocyte proliferation with angiotensin
 XX I and II derived active agents, useful for treatment of skin wounds
 PS Claim 2; Page 10; 70pp; English.
 XX This is the amino acid sequence of an Angiotensin II analogue. This and
 CC other similar analogues (AAY15306 to AAY15316 and AAY15321 to AAY15337)
 CC can be used to promote the proliferation of epithelial stem cells and
 CC keratinocytes leading to a more rapid and efficient cellular response to
 CC stratified epithelial injury. The angiotensin analogues are derived from
 CC an octapeptide present in humans and other species which has the
 CC sequence of Asp-Arg-Val-Tyr-Ile-His-Pro-Phe (AAY15342) and is known as
 CC angiotensin II (AII). This is formed by the action of renin on the
 CC plasma substrate angiotensinogen, the product of this reaction is a

CC decapeptide called angiotensin I (AI) which is converted to AII by the
 CC converting enzyme angiotensinase which removes the C-terminal His-Leu
 CC residues from AI (AAV15339).

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 20; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
 Db | | | | |
 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 13

AAB27409
 ID AAB27409 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.

XX AAB27409;

DT 23-JAN-2001 (first entry)

DE Angiotensin II analog AII(1-5).

XX Angiotensinogen; AII; AII; myocyte proliferation; myocardial injury;
 KW cardiomyopathies; inflammation; infection; sepsis; ischemia;
 KW heart valve disease; myocarditis; angiotensin.

XX Synthetic.

XX WO200053211-A2.

PN 14-SEP-2000.

XX 09-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US06198.

PR 09-MAR-1999; 99US-0123678.

PR 31-AUG-1999; 99US-0151874.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Rodgers K, Dizerega G;

XX WPI; 2000-611400/58.

XX Promoting myocyte proliferation and myocardial tissue repair by
 PT contacting myocytes with angiotensinogen or angiotensin I or II, useful
 PT for treating heart attacks, cardiomyopathies, inflammation and
 PT infection -

XX Claim 2; Page 10; 55pp; English.

XX The present invention relates to a method of promoting myocyte
 CC proliferation or differentiation by contacting myocytes with an active
 CC agent containing angiotensinogen, angiotensin I and II (AI, AII), and
 CC angiotensin analogs. The present sequence is an angiotensin II analog
 CC of the invention. The active agents of the invention may be useful for
 CC promoting myocardial tissue repair following myocardial injury and for
 CC treating heart failure in a mammal. Administration to accelerate in
 CC vivo myocyte proliferation and/or to treat myocardial injuries can be
 CC used to treat cardiomyopathies, inflammation, infection, sepsis,
 CC ischemia, heart valve disease, myocarditis, inflammation, myocardial
 CC ischemia and infarction and for improving cardiac output by increasing
 CC stroke volume.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 21; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
 Db | | | | |
 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 14

AAB28107

ID AAB28107 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.

XX AAB28107;

DT 26-JAN-2001 (first entry)

DE Angiotensin II analogue SEQ ID NO: 9.

XX Wound; scar formation; healing; adhesion formation; AII;
 KW angiotensin II analogue; scar treatment.

XX Synthetic.

XX WO200056345-A2.

PN 28-SEP-2000.

XX 22-MAR-2000; 2000WO-US07669.

PR 23-MAR-1999; 99US-0125707.

PR 16-JUN-1999; 99US-0139541.

XX (UYSC-) UNIV SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA.

XX Rodgers K, Dizerega G;

XX WPI; 2000-587607/55.

XX Limiting scar or adhesion formation comprises administering at least
 PT one active agent comprising a peptide -

XX Claim 2; Page 10; 54pp; English.

XX The present invention is concerned with peptide analogues of angiotensin
 CC II (AII) which can be used to limit scar and adhesion formation. The
 CC application of AII to wound tissue results in a rapid increase in the
 CC rate of wound healing and causes the proliferation of certain cells, such
 CC as epithelial cells and keratinocytes. Analogues of the protein have been
 CC shown to reduce scar formation, and can be used not only to limit new
 CC scar formation but also to therapeutically treat existing scars. The
 CC wound types include lacerations, burns, punctures, trauma, ulcers,
 CC periodontal conditions, laparotomy and incisional wounds, revision of
 CC hypertrophic scars, genetic hypertrophic scars, keloid scars,
 CC contractures after burns and cosmetic surgical procedures.

XX Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 21; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
 Db | | | | |
 1 drvyi 5

RESULT 15

AAV84568

ID AAV84568 standard; Peptide; 5 AA.

XX AAV84568;

XX 25-JUL-2000 (first entry)

XX

DE Amino acid sequence of angiotensin I conversion product Ang(1-5).
 XX Human; angiotensin converting enzyme-2; ACE-2; angiotensin I; Ang.(1-9);
 KW blood pressure; hypertension; congestive heart failure; atherosclerosis;
 KW chronic heart failure; acute heart failure; myocardial infarction;
 KW renal failure.
 XX Homo sapiens.
 OS
 XX WO200018899-A2.
 PN
 XX
 PD 06-APR-2000.
 XX
 PF 29-SEP-1999; 99WO-US22976.
 XX
 PR 30-SEP-1998; 98US-0163648.
 XX
 PA (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
 XX
 PI Acton LS, Robison KE, Hsieh FY;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2000-293140/25.
 XX
 XX Isolated nucleic acid encoding angiotensin converting enzyme-2 (ACE-2)
 PT polypeptide useful for detecting an ACE-2 therapeutic for treating
 PT hypertension, congestive heart failure, myocardial infarction,
 PT atherosclerosis and renal failure -
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Fig 8; 138pp; English.
 XX
 CC AAY84563-68 represent angiotensin I conversion products. The
 CC specification describes a human angiotensin converting enzyme-2 (ACE-2).
 CC ACE-2 is expressed predominantly in kidneys and testis. The sequence of
 CC the full length ACE-2 cDNA was determined from a clone obtained from a
 CC cDNA library prepared from mRNA of a human heart of a subject who had
 CC congestive heart failure. ACE-2 has significant sequence homologies with
 CC ACE enzymes, and has also been shown to hydrolyse angiotensin I into
 CC Ang.(1-9). The ACE-2 therapeutics are used to treat blood pressure
 CC related diseases and conditions, such as hypertension, congestive heart
 CC failure, chronic heart failure, acute heart failure, myocardial
 CC infarction, atherosclerosis and renal failure.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 5 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 21; Length 5;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.3e+05;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
 |||||
 Db 1 drvy1 5

Search completed: February 26, 2002, 08:16:39
 Job time: 748 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 26, 2002, 08:13:06 ; Search time 12.46 Seconds
(without alignments)
9.030 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-658-315-9

Perfect score: 26

Sequence: 1 DRVYI 5

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 212252 seqs, 22503292 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 212252

Minimum DB seq length: 0

Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

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6: /cgn2_6/ptodata/2/iaa/backfiles1.pep.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

| Result No. | Score | Query Match | Length | ID | Description |
|------------|-------|-------------|--------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 2 US-08-465-775-9 | Sequence 9, Appli |
| 2 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 3 US-09-208-337-9 | Sequence 9, Appli |
| 3 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 3 US-08-990-664-10 | Sequence 10, Appli |
| 4 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 4 US-09-373-962-9 | Sequence 9, Appli |
| 5 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 4 US-09-245-680-9 | Sequence 9, Appli |
| 6 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 4 US-09-198-806C-9 | Sequence 9, Appli |
| 7 | 26 | 100.0 | 5 | 4 US-09-352-191-9 | Sequence 9, Appli |
| 8 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 2 US-08-465-775-8 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 9 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 3 US-09-208-337-8 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 10 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 3 US-08-990-664-9 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 11 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 4 US-09-373-962-8 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 12 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 4 US-09-245-680-8 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 13 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 4 US-09-198-806C-8 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 14 | 26 | 100.0 | 6 | 4 US-09-352-191-8 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 15 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 2 US-08-465-775-4 | Sequence 8, Appli |
| 16 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 3 US-09-208-337-4 | Sequence 4, Appli |
| 17 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 3 US-08-990-664-5 | Sequence 5, Appli |
| 18 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 4 US-09-373-962-4 | Sequence 4, Appli |
| 19 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 4 US-09-245-680-4 | Sequence 4, Appli |
| 20 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 4 US-09-198-806C-4 | Sequence 4, Appli |
| 21 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 4 US-09-352-191-4 | Sequence 4, Appli |
| 22 | 26 | 100.0 | 7 | 6 5451571-4 | Patent No. 5451571 |
| 23 | 26 | 100.0 | 8 | 1 US-07-858-842-2 | Sequence 2, Appli |
| 24 | 26 | 100.0 | 8 | 1 US-08-021-839A-3 | Sequence 3, Appli |
| 25 | 26 | 100.0 | 8 | 1 US-08-184-935-2 | Sequence 2, Appli |
| 26 | 26 | 100.0 | 8 | 1 US-08-212-433A-29 | Sequence 29, Appli |
| 27 | 26 | 100.0 | 8 | 1 US-08-185-448-8 | Sequence 8, Appli |

Sequence 1, Appli
Sequence 21, Appli
Sequence 1, Appli
Sequence 20, Appli
Sequence 1, Appli
Sequence 2, Appli
Sequence 1, Appli
Sequence 20, Appli
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Sequence 3, Appli
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Sequence 4, Appli
Sequence 1, Appli
Sequence 29, Appli
Sequence 1, Appli

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
US-08-465-775-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/08465775
; Patent No. 5955430
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen E.
; APPLICANT: dizelega, Gere S.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: USE OF ANGIOTENSIN II FRAGMENTS AND
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANALOGS THEREOF IN TISSUE REPAIR
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: c/o Robbins, Berliner & Carson
; STREET: 201 No. 5955430th Figueroa Street #500
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 90012
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; OPERATING SYSTEM: IBM PC compatible
; SOFTWARE: Patent In Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/465,775
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION: 514
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Spitals, John P.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,215
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1920-360
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (213) 977-1001
; TELEFAX: (213) 977-1003
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 5 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
; US-08-465-775-9

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 1 DRVYI 5

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RESULT 2
US-09-208-337-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/09208337
; Patent No. 6096709
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: Gere, dizerega
; TITLE OF INVENTION: USE OF ANGIOTENSIN II FRAGMENTS
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AND ANALOGS THEREOF IN TISSUE REPAIR
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 15
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear
; STREET: 620 Newport Center Drive 16th Floor
; CITY: Newport Beach
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 92660
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 2.0
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/208,337
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION:
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/465,775
; FILING DATE: 06-JUN-1995
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/337,781
; FILING DATE: 14-NOV-1994
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/126,368
; FILING DATE: 24-SEP-1993
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Altman, Daniel E
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,115
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: USC010.001CP2
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: 949-760-0404
; TELEFAX: 949-760-9502
; TELEX:
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 5 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; STRANDEDNESS: Single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: Peptide
US-09-208-337-9

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 3; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 3
US-08-990-664-10
; Sequence 10, Application US/08990664
; Patent No. 6110895
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD OF PROMOTING HEALING
; TITLE OF INVENTION: IN SKIN GRAFTS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 46
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear
```

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; STREET: 620 Newport Center Drive 16th Floor
; CITY: Newport Beach
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 92660
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq Version 1.5
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/990,664
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION:
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/028,310
; FILING DATE: 16-DEC-1996
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Altman, Daniel E
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,115
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: USC012.001A
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: 714-760-0404
; TELEFAX: 714-760-9502
; TELEX:
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 10:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 5 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
US-08-990-664-10

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 3; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 4
US-09-373-962-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/09373962
; Patent No. 6177407
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods to Increase Blood Flow to Ischemic Tissue
; FILE REFERENCE: 98364A
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/373,962
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-08-13
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 42
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 9
; LENGTH: 5
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-5)
US-09-373-962-9

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5
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RESULT 5
US-09-245-680-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/09245680B
; Patent No. 6239109
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method of Promoting Erythropoiesis
; FILE REFERENCE: 98009B
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/245,680B
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-02-08
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 39
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 9
; LENGTH: 5
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-5)
US-09-245-680-9

Query Match      100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 6
US-09-198-806C-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/09198806C
; Patent No. 6248587
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method for Promoting Mesenchymal Stem
; TITLE OF INVENTION: and Lineage-Specific Cell Proliferation
; FILE REFERENCE: 97,017-F1
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/198,806C
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1998-11-24
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 38
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 9
; LENGTH: 5
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-5)
US-09-198-806C-9

Query Match      100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 7
US-09-352-191-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/09352191
; Patent No. 6258778
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods for Accelerating Bone and Connective Tissue
```

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; TITLE OF INVENTION: Growth and Repair
; FILE REFERENCE: 98365B
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/352,191
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-07-12
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 45
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 9
; LENGTH: 5
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-5)
US-09-352-191-9

Query Match      100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 5;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 8
US-08-465-775-8
; Sequence 8, Application US/08465775
; Patent No. 5955430
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen E.
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere S.
; TITLE OF INVENTION: USE OF ANGIOTENSIN II FRAGMENTS AND
; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANALOGS THEREOF IN TISSUE REPAIR
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: c/o Robbins, Berliner & Carson
; STREET: 201 No. 5955430th Figueroa Street #500
; CITY: Los Angeles
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: USA
; ZIP: 90012
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk
; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/465,775
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION: 514
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Spitals, John P.
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,215
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1920-360
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: (213) 977-1001
; TELEFAX: (213) 977-1003
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 6 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
US-08-465-775-8

Query Match      100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 6;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5
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RESULT 9
US-09-208-337-8
; Sequence 8, Application US/09208337
; Patent No. 6096709
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: Gere, dizerega
; TITLE OF INVENTION: USE OF ANGIOTENSIN II FRAGMENTS
; TITLE OF INVENTION: AND ANALOGS THEREOF IN TISSUE REPAIR
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 15
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:
; ADDRESSEE: Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear
; STREET: 620 Newport Center Drive 16th Floor
; CITY: Newport Beach
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 92660
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq for Windows Version 2.0
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/208,337
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION:
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/465,775
; FILING DATE: 06-JUN-1995
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/337,781
; FILING DATE: 14-NOV-1994
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 08/126,368
; FILING DATE: 24-SEP-1993
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Altman, Daniel E
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,115
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: USC010.001CP2
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: 949-760-0404
; TELEFAX: 949-760-9502
; TELEX:
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 8:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 6 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: Peptide
US-09-208-337-8

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 3; Length 6;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 10
US-08-990-664-9
; Sequence 9, Application US/08990664
; Patent No. 6110895
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere
; TITLE OF INVENTION: METHOD OF PROMOTING HEALING
; TITLE OF INVENTION: IN SKIN GRAFTS
; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 46
; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

; ADDRESSEE: Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear
; STREET: 620 Newport Center Drive 16th Floor
; CITY: Newport Beach
; STATE: CA
; COUNTRY: U.S.A.
; ZIP: 92660
; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:
; MEDIUM TYPE: Diskette
; COMPUTER: IBM Compatible
; OPERATING SYSTEM: DOS
; SOFTWARE: FastSeq Version 1.5
; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/990,664
; FILING DATE:
; CLASSIFICATION:
; PRIOR APPLICATION DATA:
; APPLICATION NUMBER: 60/028,310
; FILING DATE: 16-DEC-1996
; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:
; NAME: Altman, Daniel E
; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 34,115
; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: USC012.001A
; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:
; TELEPHONE: 714-760-0404
; TELEFAX: 714-760-9502
; TELEX:
; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 9:
; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:
; LENGTH: 6 amino acids
; TYPE: amino acid
; STRANDEDNESS: single
; TOPOLOGY: linear
; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide
US-08-990-664-9

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 3; Length 6;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 11
US-09-373-962-8
; Sequence 8, Application US/09373962
; Patent No. 6177407
; GENERAL INFORMATION:
; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen
; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere
; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods to Increase Blood Flow to Ischemic Tissue
; FILE REFERENCE: 98364A
; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/373,962
; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-08-13
; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 42
; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0
; SEQ ID NO 8
; LENGTH: 6
; TYPE: PRT
; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence
; FEATURE:
; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-6)
US-09-373-962-8

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 6;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
|||||

Db 1 DRVVI 5

RESULT 12

US-09-245-680-8
; Sequence 8, Application US/09245680B

; Patent No. 6239109

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen

; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere

; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method of Promoting Erythropoiesis

; FILE REFERENCE: 98009B

; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/245,680B

; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 39

; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0

; SEQ ID NO 8

; LENGTH: 6

; TYPE: PRT

; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

; FEATURE:

; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-6)
US-09-245-680-8

Query Match

100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 6;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVVI 5

|||||

Db 1 DRVVI 5

RESULT 13

US-09-198-806C-8

; Sequence 8, Application US/09198806C

; Patent No. 6248587

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen

; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere

; TITLE OF INVENTION: Method for Promoting Mesenchymal Stem

; TITLE OF INVENTION: and Lineage-Specific Cell Proliferation

; FILE REFERENCE: 97,017-F1

; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/198,806C

; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1998-11-24

; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 38

; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0

; SEQ ID NO 8

; LENGTH: 6

; TYPE: PRT

; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

; FEATURE:

; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-6)
US-09-198-806C-8

Query Match

100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 6;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVVI 5

|||||

Db 1 DRVVI 5

RESULT 14

US-09-352-191-8

; Sequence 8, Application US/09352191

; Patent No. 6258778

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen

; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere

; TITLE OF INVENTION: Methods for Accelerating Bone and Connective Tissue

; TITLE OF INVENTION: Growth and Repair

; FILE REFERENCE: 98365B

; CURRENT APPLICATION NUMBER: US/09/352,191

; CURRENT FILING DATE: 1999-07-12

; NUMBER OF SEQ ID NOS: 45

; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Ver. 2.0

; SEQ ID NO 8

; LENGTH: 6

; TYPE: PRT

; ORGANISM: Artificial Sequence

; FEATURE:

; OTHER INFORMATION: Description of Artificial Sequence: AII (1-6)
US-09-352-191-8

Query Match

100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 6;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVVI 5

|||||

Db 1 DRVVI 5

RESULT 15

US-08-465-775-4

; Sequence 4, Application US/08465775

; Patent No. 5955430

; GENERAL INFORMATION:

; APPLICANT: Rodgers, Kathleen E.

; APPLICANT: dizerega, Gere S.

; TITLE OF INVENTION: USE OF ANGIOTENSIN II FRAGMENTS AND

; TITLE OF INVENTION: ANALOGS THEREOF IN TISSUE REPAIR

; NUMBER OF SEQUENCES: 14

; CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS:

; ADDRESSEE: c/o Robbins, Berliner & Carson

; STREET: 201 No. 5955430th Figueroa Street #500

; CITY: Los Angeles

; STATE: CA

; COUNTRY: USA

; ZIP: 90012

; COMPUTER READABLE FORM:

; MEDIUM TYPE: Floppy disk

; COMPUTER: IBM PC compatible

; OPERATING SYSTEM: PC-DOS/MS-DOS

; SOFTWARE: PatentIn Release #1.0, Version #1.25

; CURRENT APPLICATION DATA:

; APPLICATION NUMBER: US/08/465,775

; FILING DATE:

; CLASSIFICATION: 514

; ATTORNEY/AGENT INFORMATION:

; NAME: Spitals, John P.

; REGISTRATION NUMBER: 29,215

; REFERENCE/DOCKET NUMBER: 1920-360

; TELECOMMUNICATION INFORMATION:

; TELEPHONE: (213) 977-1001

; TELEFAX: (213) 977-1003

; INFORMATION FOR SEQ ID NO: 4:

; SEQUENCE CHARACTERISTICS:

; LENGTH: 7 amino acids

; TYPE: amino acid

; TOPOLOGY: linear

; MOLECULE TYPE: peptide

; US-08-465-775-4

Query Match

100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 7;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+05;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVVI 5

|||||

Db 1 DRVYI 5

Search completed: February 26, 2002, 08:16:58
Job time: 232 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 26, 2002, 08:14:01 ; Search time 12.81 Seconds
(without alignments)
29.732 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-658-315-9
Perfect score: 26
Sequence: 1 DRVYI 5
Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 219241 seqs, 76174552 residues
Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 219241

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000
Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database : PIR_68.*
1: p1r1.*
2: p1r2.*
3: p1r3.*
4: p1r4.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

| Result No. | Score | Query Match | Length | DB ID | Description |
|------------|-------|-------------|--------|----------|---------------------|
| 1 | 26 | 100.0 | 10 | 2 S65432 | angiotensin I - ho |
| 2 | 26 | 100.0 | 14 | 2 A01250 | angiotensin precu |
| 3 | 26 | 100.0 | 15 | 2 A60834 | angiotensin I prec |
| 4 | 26 | 100.0 | 115 | 2 A48793 | glycosylation-inhi |
| 5 | 26 | 100.0 | 115 | 2 I52370 | macrophage migrati |
| 6 | 26 | 100.0 | 115 | 2 A44499 | macrophage migrati |
| 7 | 26 | 100.0 | 115 | 2 C47274 | migration inhibito |
| 8 | 26 | 100.0 | 167 | 2 F83686 | hypothetical prote |
| 9 | 26 | 100.0 | 195 | 1 B69441 | conserved hypot het |
| 10 | 26 | 100.0 | 238 | 2 E70337 | ABC transporter - |
| 11 | 26 | 100.0 | 248 | 2 T44932 | 3-oxoacyl-[acyl-ca |
| 12 | 26 | 100.0 | 312 | 2 T00992 | hypothetical prote |
| 13 | 26 | 100.0 | 409 | 1 G69000 | molybdenum cofacto |
| 14 | 26 | 100.0 | 476 | 1 JC2318 | angiotensin precu |
| 15 | 26 | 100.0 | 477 | 1 ANRT | angiotensin precu |
| 16 | 26 | 100.0 | 477 | 1 A29978 | angiotensin precu |
| 17 | 26 | 100.0 | 485 | 1 ANHU | angiotensin precu |
| 18 | 26 | 100.0 | 509 | 2 T06300 | hypothetical prote |
| 19 | 26 | 100.0 | 518 | 2 B64449 | hypothetical prote |
| 20 | 26 | 100.0 | 540 | 2 S72233 | 2-isopropylmalate |
| 21 | 26 | 100.0 | 575 | 1 HNNZS2 | transcription fact |
| 22 | 26 | 100.0 | 575 | 1 HNNZSH | hemagglutinin-neu |
| 23 | 26 | 100.0 | 575 | 2 S12135 | hemagglutinin-neu |
| 24 | 26 | 100.0 | 576 | 1 HNNZS | hemagglutinin-neu |
| 25 | 26 | 100.0 | 581 | 1 A37913 | serine/threonine-s |
| 26 | 26 | 100.0 | 614 | 2 T43121 | hypothetical prote |
| 27 | 26 | 100.0 | 644 | 2 G64938 | hypothetical prote |
| 28 | 26 | 100.0 | 644 | 2 F82145 | conserved hypot het |
| 29 | 26 | 100.0 | 644 | 2 H85788 | hypothetical prote |

| | | | | | |
|----|----|-------|------|----------|---------------------|
| 30 | 26 | 100.0 | 661 | 2 C83843 | hypothetical prote |
| 31 | 26 | 100.0 | 676 | 1 WMBEX6 | UL6 protein - huma |
| 32 | 26 | 100.0 | 688 | 2 A44306 | polyphosphate kina |
| 33 | 26 | 100.0 | 688 | 2 G85893 | polyphosphate kina |
| 34 | 26 | 100.0 | 739 | 2 I40715 | malate synthase (E |
| 35 | 26 | 100.0 | 749 | 2 S77175 | sensory transducti |
| 36 | 26 | 100.0 | 778 | 2 T44761 | probable preprotei |
| 37 | 26 | 100.0 | 808 | 2 F70720 | probable transloca |
| 38 | 26 | 100.0 | 838 | 2 T40203 | conserved hypot het |
| 39 | 26 | 100.0 | 1062 | 2 H83966 | carbamoyl-phosphat |
| 40 | 26 | 100.0 | 1071 | 2 F39845 | carbamoyl-phosphat |
| 41 | 26 | 100.0 | 1076 | 2 A89409 | carbamoyl-phosphat |
| 42 | 26 | 100.0 | 1238 | 2 A64596 | hypothetical prote |
| 43 | 26 | 100.0 | 1296 | 1 BTCLAB | bontulixysin (EC 3 |
| 44 | 26 | 100.0 | 1296 | 2 I40645 | botulinum neurotox |
| 45 | 26 | 100.0 | 3194 | 2 D71917 | toxin-like outer m |

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1

S65432
angiotensin I - horn fly (fragment)
C:Species: Haematobia irritans (horn fly)
C:Date: 28-Oct-1996 #sequence_revision 13-Mar-1997 #text_change 13-Mar-1997
C:Accession: S65432
R:Wijffels, G.; Fitzgerald, C.; Gough, J.; Riding, G.; Elvin, C.; Kemp, D.; Willad
Eur. J. Biochem. 237, 414-423, 1996
A:Title: Cloning and characterisation of angiotensin-converting enzyme from the d
A:Reference number: S65431; MUID:96215437
A:Accession: S65432
A:Status: preliminary
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-10 <WIJ>
A>Note: the source is designated as Haematobia irritans exigua

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 10;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 2.7;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
| | | | |
DB 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 2

A01250
angiotensin precursor - horse (fragment)
C:Species: Equus caballus (domestic horse)
C:Date: 31-Mar-1991 #sequence_revision 31-Mar-1991 #text_change 20-Mar-1998
C:Accession: A92775; A01250
R:Skeggss Jr., L.T.; Kahn, J.R.; Lentz, K.; Shumway, N.P.
J. Exp. Med. 106, 439-453, 1957
A:Reference number: A92775
A:Accession: A92775
A:Molecule type: protein
A:Residues: 1-14 <SKE>

C:Superfamily: antithrombin III
C:Keywords: blood pressure control; hormone; vasoconstrictor
F:1-10/Product: angiotensin II #status experimental <AN1>
F:1-8/Product: angiotensin II #status experimental <AN2>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 14;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.9;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
| | | | |
DB 1 DRVYI 5

```

RESULT 3
A60834
angiotensin I precursor - dog (fragment)
N;Alternate names: angiotensinogen I
N;Contains: angiotensin I
C;Species: Canis lupus familiaris (dog)
C;Date: 30-Sep-1993 #sequence_revision 30-Sep-1993 #text_change 13-Mar-1998
C;Accession: A60834
R;Oliver, J.A.
Hypertension 11, 21-27, 1988
A;Title: Purification and partial characterization of canine angiotensinogen.
A;Reference number: A60834; MUID:88113996
A;Accession: A60834
A;Molecule type: protein
A;Residues: 1-15 <OLI>
C;Superfamily: antithrombin III
C;Keywords: glycoprotein; plasma
F;1-10/Product: angiotensin I #status predicted <MAT>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 15;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4.2;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 4
A48793
glycosylation-inhibiting factor - human
N;Alternate names: macrophage migration inhibitory 12.7k protein; sarcolectin
C;Species: Homo sapiens (man)
C;Date: 31-May-1996 #sequence_revision 31-May-1996 #text_change 21-Jul-2000
C;Accession: A48793; A49612; A33838; A47274; S34300; S33277
R;Mikayama, T.; Nakano, T.; Gomi, H.; Nakagawa, Y.; Liu, Y.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90, 10056-10060, 1993
A;Title: Molecular cloning and functional expression of a cDNA encoding glycosylation-in
A;Reference number: A48793; MUID:94052102
A;Accession: A48793
A;Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBDJ
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-115 <MIK>
A;Cross-references: GB:LI0612; NID:g402701; PIDN:AAA35892.1; PID:g402702
R;Paralkar, V.; Wistow, G.
Genomics 19, 48-51, 1994
A;Title: Cloning the human gene for macrophage migration inhibitory factor (MIF).
A;Reference number: A49612; MUID:94245178
A;Accession: A49612
A;Molecule type: DNA
A;Residues: 1-115 <PAR>
A;Cross-references: GB:LI9686; NID:g307284; PIDN:AAA21814.1; PID:g307285
R;Weiser, W.Y.; Temple, P.A.; Wittek-Giannotti, J.S.; Remold, H.G.; Clark, S.C.; David, J
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86, 7522-7526, 1989
A;Title: Molecular cloning of a cDNA encoding a human macrophage migration inhibitory fa
A;Reference number: A33838; MUID:90017510
A;Accession: A33838
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-105, S', 107-115 <WEI>
A;Cross-references: GB:M25639; NID:g188555; PIDN:AAA36315.1; PID:g188556
R;Wistow, G.J.; Shaughnessy, M.P.; Lee, D.C.; Hodin, J.; Zelenka, P.S.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90, 1272-1275, 1993
A;Title: A macrophage migration inhibitory factor is expressed in the differentiating ce
A;Reference number: A47274; MUID:93165679
A;Accession: A47274
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 10-115 <WIS>
A;Cross-references: GB:M95775; NID:g187180; PIDN:AAA36179.1; PID:g187181
A;Experimental source: fetal lens
A;Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:124868, NCBIP:124871)

R;Bucala, R.; Mitchell, R.A.; Bernhagen, J.
submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1993
A;Reference number: S34300
A;Accession: S34300
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-115 <BUC>
A;Cross-references: EMBL:Z23063; NID:g312333; PIDN:CAA80598.1; PID:g312334
R;Zeng, F.Y.; Weiser, W.Y.; Kratzin, H.; Stahl, B.; Karas, M.; Gabius, H.J.
Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 303, 74-80, 1993
A;Title: The major binding protein of the interferon antagonist sarcolectin in human
A;Reference number: S33277; MUID:93256574
A;Accession: S33277
A;Molecule type: protein
A;Residues: 3-24 <ZEN>
A;Experimental source: placenta
A;Note: there is no signal sequence; the mature protein starts with residue 3
C;Genetics:
A;Gene: GDB:MIF
A;Cross-references: GDB:138402; OMIM:153620
A;Map position: 22q11.2-22q11.2
A;Introns: 36/3; 94/2
A;Note: appears to be a single copy gene (see reference A49612)
C;Superfamily: bovine glycosylation-inhibiting factor
F;3-115/Product: macrophage migration inhibitory factor #status predicted <MAT>

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 115;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 33;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 93 DRVYI 97

RESULT 5
I52370
macrophage migration inhibitory factor MIF [similarity] - rat
C;Species: Rattus sp. (rat)
C;Date: 29-May-1998 #sequence_revision 29-May-1998 #text_change 21-Jul-2000
C;Accession: I52370
R;Sakai, M.; Nishihira, J.; Hibiya, Y.; Koyama, Y.; Nishi, S.
Biochem. Mol. Biol. Int. 33, 439-446, 1994
A;Title: Glutathione binding rat liver 13k protein is the homologue of the macrophr
A;Reference number: I52370; MUID:95038523
A;Accession: I52370
A;Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBDJ
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-115 <RES>
A;Cross-references: GB:S73424; NID:g663139; PIDN:AAB32392.1; PID:g663140
C;Superfamily: bovine glycosylation-inhibiting factor

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 115;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 33;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 93 DRVYI 97

RESULT 6
A44499
macrophage migration inhibitory factor DER6 - mouse
N;Alternate names: glycosylation-inhibiting factor; migration inhibitory factor, 10k
C;Species: Mus musculus (house mouse)
C;Date: 30-Apr-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 21-Jul-2000
C;Accession: A44499; S34299; B47274; I49691; S38325; I56259
R;Lanahan, A.; Williams, J.B.; Sanders, L.K.; Nathans, D.
Mol. Cell. Biol. 12, 3919-3929, 1992
A;Title: Growth factor-induced delayed early response genes.
A;Reference number: A44499; MUID:92375060

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A:Accession: A44499
 A:Status: not compared with conceptual translation
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-115 <LAN>
 A:Experimental source: BALB/c 3T3 cells
 A>Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIP:1111643)
 R:Bernhagen, J.; Calandra, T.; Mitchell, R.A.; Martin, S.; Tracey, K.J.; Manogue, K.; Voelter, W.; submitted to the EMBL Data Library, June 1993
 A:Reference number: S34299
 A:Accession: S34299
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-115 <BER>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:223048; NID:g312220; PIDN:CAA80583.1; PID:g312221
 R:Wistow, G.J.; Shaughnessy, M.P.; Lee, D.C.; Hodin, J.; Zelenka, P.S.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90, 1272-1275, 1993
 A:Title: A macrophage migration inhibitory factor is expressed in the differentiating cells
 A:Reference number: A47274; MUID:93165679
 A:Accession: B47274
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: nucleic acid
 A:Residues: 6-115 <WIS>
 A:Cross-references: GB:L07607; NID:g191490; PIDN:AAA37111.1; PID:g191491
 A:Experimental source: lens
 A>Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:124869, NCBIP:124872)
 R:Mikayama, T.; Nakano, T.; Gomi, H.; Nakagawa, Y.; Liu, Y.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90, 10056-10060, 1993
 A:Title: Molecular cloning and functional expression of a cDNA encoding glycosylation-inhibiting factor
 A:Reference number: A48793; MUID:94052102
 A:Accession: I49691
 A:Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 1-115 <RES>
 A:Cross-references: GB:L10613; NID:g402716; PIDN:AAA37693.1; PID:g402717
 R:Bernhagen, J.; Calandra, T.; Mitchell, R.A.; Martin, S.B.; Tracey, K.J.; Voelter, W.; Nature 365, 756-759, 1993
 A:Title: MIF is a pituitary-derived cytokine that potentiates lethal endotoxaemia.
 A:Reference number: S38325; MUID:94019845
 A:Accession: S38325
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: mRNA
 A:Residues: 2-28 <BE2>
 A:Cross-references: EMBL:223048
 R:Mitchell, R.; Bacher, M.; Bernhagen, J.; Pushkarskaya, T.; Seldin, M.F.; Bucala, R. J. Immunol. 154, 3863-3870, 1995
 A:Title: Cloning and characterization of the gene for mouse macrophage migration inhibitory factor
 A:Reference number: I56259; MUID:95221891
 A:Accession: I56259
 A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-115 <RE2>
 A:Cross-references: GB:L39357; NID:g790847; PIDN:AAA74321.1; PID:g790848
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: Mif
 A:Introns: 36/3; 94/2
 C:Superfamily: bovine glycosylation-inhibiting factor

 Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 115;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 33;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

 QY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 93 DRVYI 97
 |||||
 RESULT 7
 C47274
 migration inhibitory factor, 10K - chicken
 C:Species: Gallus gallus (chicken)
 C:Date: 21-Sep-1993 #sequence_revision 18-Nov-1994 #text_change 21-Jul-2000
 C:Accession: C47274

R:Wistow, G.J.; Shaughnessy, M.P.; Lee, D.C.; Hodin, J.; Zelenka, P.S.
 Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90, 1272-1275, 1993
 A:Title: A macrophage migration inhibitory factor is expressed in the differentiating cells
 A:Reference number: A47274; MUID:93165679
 A:Accession: C47274
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: nucleic acid
 A:Residues: 1-115 <WIS>
 A:Cross-references: GB:M95776; NID:g212257; PIDN:AAA48939.1; PID:g212258
 A:Experimental source: embryo, lens
 A>Note: sequence extracted from NCBI backbone (NCBIN:124870, NCBIP:124873)
 C:Superfamily: bovine glycosylation-inhibiting factor

 Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 115;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 33;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

 QY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 93 DRVYI 97
 |||||
 RESULT 8
 F83686
 hypothetical protein BH0294 [imported] - Bacillus halodurans (strain C-125)
 C:Species: Bacillus halodurans
 C:Date: 01-Dec-2000 #sequence_revision 01-Dec-2000 #text_change 31-Dec-2000
 C:Accession: F83686
 R:Takami, H.; Nakasone, K.; Takaki, Y.; Maeno, G.; Sasaki, R.; Masui, N.; Fujii, F.; Nucleic Acids Res. 28, 4317-4331, 2000
 A:Title: Complete genome sequence of the alkaliphilic bacterium Bacillus halodurans
 A:Reference number: A83650; MUID:20263314
 A:Accession: F83686
 A:Status: preliminary
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-167 <STO>
 A:Cross-references: GB:AP001508; GB:BA000004; NID:g10172890; PIDN:BA04013.1; GSPDP
 A:Experimental source: strain C-125
 C:Genetics:
 A:Gene: BH0294

 Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 167;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 48;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

 QY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 61 DRVYI 65
 |||||
 RESULT 9
 B69441
 conserved hypothetical protein AFL531 - Archaeoglobus fulgidus
 C:Species: Archaeoglobus fulgidus
 C:Date: 10-Sep-1999 #sequence_revision 10-Sep-1999 #text_change 21-Jul-2000
 C:Accession: B69441
 R:Klenk, H.P.; Clayton, R.A.; Tomb, J.F.; White, O.; Nelson, K.E.; Ketchum, K.A.; D. ; Fleischmann, R.D.; Quackenbush, J.; Lee, N.H.; Sutton, G.G.; Gill, S.; Kirkness, Glodek, A.; Zhou, L.; Overbeek, R.; Gocayne, J.D.; Weidman, J.F.; McDonald, L. Nature 390, 364-370, 1997
 A:Authors: Utterback, T.; Cotton, M.D.; Spriggs, T.; Artlach, P.; Kaine, B.P.; Syke Smith, H.O.; Woese, C.R.; Venter, J.C.
 A:Title: The complete genome sequence of the hyperthermophilic, sulfate-reducing archaeon Pyrococcus furiosus
 A:Reference number: A69250; MUID:98049343
 A:Accession: B69441
 A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown
 A:Molecule type: DNA
 A:Residues: 1-195 <KLE>
 A:Cross-references: GB:AE000997; GB:AE000782; NID:g2689320; PIDN:AAB89717.1; PID:g2.
 C:Superfamily: Methanococcus jannaschii conserved hypothetical protein MJ0038

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 195;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 57;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 68 DRVYI 72

RESULT 10

E70337

ABC transporter - Aquifex aeolicus

C:Species: Aquifex aeolicus

C:Date: 08-May-1998 #sequence_revision 08-May-1998 #text_change 02-Feb-2001

C:Accession: E70337

R:Deckert, G.; Warren, P.V.; Gaasterland, T.; Young, W.G.; Lenox, A.L.; Graham, D.E.; Ovi-

V.

Nature 392, 353-358, 1998

A:Title: The complete genome of the hyperthermophilic bacterium Aquifex aeolicus.

A:Reference number: A70300; MUID:98196666

A:Accession: E70337

A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-238 <AAQF>

A:Cross-references: GB:AE000689; NID:g2983082; PIDN:AAC06695.1; PID:g2983089; GB:AE00065

A:Experimental source: strain VF5

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: abcT7

C:Superfamily: short-chain ATP-binding cassette proteins; ATP-binding cassette homology

C:Keywords: ATP; nucleotide binding; P-loop

F:17-210/Domain: ATP-binding cassette homology <ABC>

F:34-41/Region: nucleotide-binding motif A (P-loop)

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 238;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 202 DRVYI 206

RESULT 11

T44932

3-oxoacyl-[acyl-carrier-protein] reductase (EC 1.1.1.100) [imported] - Agrobacterium tum

C:Species: Agrobacterium tumefaciens

C:Date: 21-Jan-2000 #sequence_revision 21-Jan-2000 #text_change 21-Jul-2000

C:Accession: T44932

R:Kim, K.S.; Farrand, S.K.

J. Bacteriol. 178, 3275-3284, 1996

A:Title: Ti plasmid-encoded genes responsible for catabolism of the crown gall opine man

by the plant tumor.

A:Reference number: 222872; MUID:96236046

A:Accession: T44932

A:Status: preliminary; translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-248 <KTM>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:U19620; NID:g797330; PIDN:AAB07783.1; PID:g797334

A:Experimental source: strain 15955

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: mocc

A:Genome: plasmid pTil15955

C:Superfamily: ribitol dehydrogenase; short-chain alcohol dehydrogenase homology

C:Keywords: oxidoreductase

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 248;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 221 DRVYI 225

RESULT 12

T00992

hypothetical protein At2g26590 [imported] - Arabidopsis thaliana

N:Alternate names: hypothetical protein T9J22.26

C:Species: Arabidopsis thaliana (mouse-ear cress)

C:Date: 12-Feb-1999 #sequence_revision 12-Feb-1999 #text_change 23-Mar-2001

C:Accession: T00992; D84662

R:Rounsley, S.D.; Lin, X.; Ketchum, K.A.; Crosby, M.L.; Brandon, R.C.; Sykes, S.M.;

submitted to the EMBL Data Library, April 1998

A:Description: Arabidopsis thaliana chromosome II BAC T9J22 genomic sequence.

A:Reference number: Z14161

A:Accession: T00992

A:Status: translated from GB/EMBL/DBJ

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-312 <ROU>

A:Cross-references: EMBL:AC002505; NID:g2739359; PID:g2739383

A:Experimental source: cultivar Columbia

R:Lin, X.; Kaul, S.; Rounsley, S.D.; Shea, T.P.; Benito, M.I.; Town, C.D.; Fujii, C.;

M.; Koo, H.; Moffat, K.S.; Cronin, L.A.; Shen, M.; VanAken, S.E.; Unayam, L.; Tallon

euss, D.; Nierman, W.C.; White, O.; Eisen, J.A.; Salzberg, S.L.; Fraser, C.M.; Venter

Nature 402, 761-768, 1999

A:Title: Sequence and analysis of chromosome 2 of the plant Arabidopsis thaliana.

A:Reference number: A84420; MUID:20083487

A:Accession: D84662

A:Status: preliminary

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-312 <STO>

A:Cross-references: GB:AE002093; NID:g2739383; PIDN:AAC14506.1; GSPDB:GN00139

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: At2g26590; T9J22.26

A:Map position: 2

A:Introns: 11/3; 42/3; 62/3; 100/3; 124/2; 169/2; 210/1; 241/3; 267/3; 286/1

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 312;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 81 DRVYI 85

RESULT 13

G69000

molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein MoeA - Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum

C:Species: Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum

C:Date: 10-Sep-1999 #sequence_revision 10-Sep-1999 #text_change 21-Jul-2000

C:Accession: G69000

R:Smith, D.R.; Doucette-Stamm, L.A.; Deloughery, C.; Lee, H.; Dubois, J.; Aldredge, J.;

Qiu, D.; Spadafora, R.; Vicaire, R.; Wang, Y.; Wierzbowski, J.; Gibson, R.; Jiwan

ki, S.; Church, G.M.; Daniels, C.J.; Mao, J.; Rice, P.; Noelling, J.; Reeve, J.N.

J. Bacteriol. 179, 7135-7155, 1997

A:Title: Complete genome sequence of Methanobacterium thermoautotrophicum Delta H: f

A:Reference number: A69000; MUID:98037514

A:Accession: G69000

A:Status: preliminary; nucleic acid sequence not shown; translation not shown

A:Molecule type: DNA

A:Residues: 1-409 <MTH>

A:Cross-references: GB:AE000873; GB:AE000666; NID:g2622101; PIDN:AAB85499.1; PID:g262

A:Experimental source: strain Delta H

C:Genetics:

A:Gene: MTH1003

A:Start codon: TTG

C:Superfamily: molybdenum cofactor biosynthesis protein moeA-2

Query Match

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 409;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 131 DRVYI 135

RESULT 14

JC2318
angiotensin precursor - sheep
N;Alternate names: angiotensinogen
C;Species: Ovis orientalis aries, Ovis ammon aries (domestic sheep)
C;Date: 10-Sep-1999 #sequence_revision 10-Sep-1999 #text_change 16-Jun-2000
C;Accession: JC2318; A25406
R;Ngase, M.; Suzuki, F.; Fukamizu, A.; Takeda, N.; Takeuchi, K.; Murakami, K.; Nakamura
Bioc. Biotechnol. Biochem. 56, 1884-1885, 1994
A;Title: Sequencing and expression of sheep angiotensinogen cDNA.
A;Reference number: JC2318; MUID:95072318
A;Accession: JC2318
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-476 <NAG>
A;Cross-references: DDBJ:D17520; NID:g575593; PIDN:BAA04470.1; PID:g1197183
A;Experimental source: liver
A;Note: the authors translated the codon TTC for residue 465 as Leu
R;Fernley, R.T.; John, M.; Niall, H.D.; Coghlan, J.P.
Eur. J. Biochem. 154, 597-601, 1986
A;Title: Purification and characterization of ovine angiotensinogen.
A;Reference number: A25406; MUID:86136099
A;Accession: A25406
A;Molecule type: protein
A;Residues: 25-37, X, 39 <PER>
C;Superfamily: antithrombin III
C;Keywords: blood pressure control; glycoprotein
F;1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F;24-476/Product: angiotensinogen #status predicted <MPT>
F;25-34/Product: angiotensin #status predicted <MAT>
F;295,362/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted

• Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 476;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 25 DRVYI 29

RESULT 15

ANRT
angiotensin precursor - rat
N;Contains: angiotensin I; angiotensin II; angiotensin III
C;Species: Rattus norvegicus (Norway rat)
C;Date: 13-Jun-1983 #sequence_revision 13-Jun-1983 #text_change 18-Jun-1999
C;Accession: A93945; A90456; A01251
R;Ohkubo, H.; Kageyama, R.; Ujihara, M.; Hirose, T.; Inayama, S.; Nakanishi, S.
Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80, 2196-2200, 1983
A;Title: Cloning and sequenc analysis of cDNA for rat angiotensinogen.
A;Reference number: A93945; MUID:83169849
A;Accession: A93945
A;Molecule type: mRNA
A;Residues: 1-477 <ORH>
A;Cross-references: GB:L00094; GB:J00704; NID:g202912; PIDN:AAA98779.1; PID:g202914
R;Bouhnik, J.; Clauser, E.; Strosberg, D.; Frenoy, J.P.; Menard, J.; Corvol, P.
Biochemistry 20, 7010-7015, 1981
A;Title: Rat angiotensinogen and Des(angiotensinI)angiotensinogen: purification, charact
A;Reference number: A90456; MUID:82091819
A;Accession: A90456
A;Molecule type: protein
A;Residues: 25-41 <BOU>
C;Comment: Angiotensin I is released from angiotensinogen by renin, which is secreted in
e I (angiotensin-converting enzyme), primarily in the lungs.
C;Comment: The release of the amino-terminal residue (Asp-25) from angiotensin I and ang

sp-1]angiotensin I is converted to angiotensin III by dipeptidyl carboxypeptidase I
C;Comment: Angiotensinogen is synthesized in the liver and secreted into the plasma
ung.

C;Superfamily: antithrombin III
C;Keywords: blood pressure control; glycoprotein; liver; plasma; vasoconstrictor
F;1-24/Domain: signal sequence #status predicted <SIG>
F;25-477/Product: angiotensinogen #status predicted <MPT>
F;25-34/Product: angiotensin I #status experimental <PPI>
F;25-32/Product: angiotensin II #status experimental <PP2>
F;26-32/Product: angiotensin III #status experimental <PP3>
F;295,319/Binding site: carbohydrate (Asn) (covalent) #status predicted

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 477;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.4e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
|||||
Db 25 DRVYI 29

Search completed: February 26, 2002, 08:17:18
Job time: 197 sec

OS Equus caballus (Horse).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Perissodactyla; Equidae; Equus.
OX NCBI_taxid=9796;
{}
{}
RN SEQUENCE.
RN SKEGGS L.T. Jr., Kahn J.R., Lentz K., Shumway N.P.;
RA "The preparation, purification, and amino acid sequence of a
RT polypeptide renin substrate.";
RT

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RL J. Exp. Med. 106:439-453(1957).
CC -!- FUNCTION: IN RESPONSE TO LOWERED BLOOD PRESSURE, THE ENZYME RENIN
CC CLEAVES ANGIOTENSIN I, FROM ANGIOTENSINOGEN. ACE (ANGIOTENSIN
CC CONVERTING ENZYME) THEN REMOVES A DIPEPTIDE TO YIELD THE
CC PHYSIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE PEPTIDE ANGIOTENSIN II, THE MOST POTENT
CC PRESSOR SUBSTANCE KNOWN, WHICH HELPS REGULATE VOLUME AND MINERAL
CC BALANCE OF BODY FLUIDS.
CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: MADE IN THE LIVER & SECRETED IN THE PLASMA.
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SERPIN FAMILY.
DR PIR; A01250;
DR PROSITE; PS00215; Serpin.
DR Vasoconstrictor; Plasma; Serpin.
KW Vasoconstrictor; Plasma; Serpin.
FT PEPTIDE 1 10 ANGIOTENSIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 1 8 ANGIOTENSIN II.
FT NON_TER 14 14
SQ SEQUENCE 14 AA; 1759 MW; 2E9921F8EEFBDD7 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 14;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.5;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
DB 1 DRVYI 5

RESULT 3
MIF_CHK STANDARD; PRT; 114 AA.
AC Q02960;
DT 01-JUL-1993 (Rel. 26, Created)
DT 01-FEB-1994 (Rel. 28, Last sequence update)
DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE MACROPHAGE MIGRATION INHIBITORY FACTOR (MIF) (PHENYLPIRUVATE
DE TAUTOMERASE).
GN MIF.
OS Gallus gallus (Chicken).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Archosauria; Aves; Neognathae; Galliformes; Phasianinae;
OC Gallus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9031;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Lens;
RX MEDLINE=93165679; PubMed=7679497;
RA Wistow G.J., Shaughnessy M., Lee D.C., Hodin J., Zelenka P.S.;
RT "A macrophage migration inhibitory factor is expressed in the
RT differentiating cells of the eye lens.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:1272-1275(1993).
CC -!- FUNCTION: THE EXPRESSION OF MIF AT SITES OF INFLAMMATION SUGGEST A
CC ROLE FOR THE MEDIATOR IN REGULATING THE FUNCTION OF MACROPHAGE IN
CC HOST DEFENSE. ALSO ACTS AS A PHENYLPIRUVATE TAUTOMERASE.
CC -!- SUBUNIT: HOMOTRIMER (BY SIMILARITY).
CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE MIF FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; M95776; AAA48939.1; -.
DR PIR; C47274; C47274.
DR HSP; P14174; LGIF.
DR InterPro; IPR001398; MIF.
DR Pfam; PF01187; MIF; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS01158; MIF; 1.
KW Isomerase; Macrophage; Inflammatory response; Cytokine.
FT ACT_SITE 1 1 CATALYTIC BASE (BY SIMILARITY).

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FT INLT_MET 0 0 BY SIMILARITY.
SQ SEQUENCE 114 AA; 12353 MW; A55222D00E6D05CF CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 114;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 13;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
DB 92 DRVYI 96

RESULT 4
MIF_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 114 AA.
AC P14174;
DT 01-JAN-1990 (Rel. 13, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1995 (Rel. 32, Last sequence update)
DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE MACROPHAGE MIGRATION INHIBITORY FACTOR (MIF) (PHENYLPIRUVATE
DE TAUTOMERASE) (GLYCOSYLATION-INHIBITING FACTOR) (GIF).
GN MIF OR MMIF.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=90017510; PubMed=2552447;
RA Weiser W.Y., Temple P.A., Witek-Giannotti J.S., Remold H.G.,
RA Clark S.C., David J.R.;
RT "Molecular cloning of a cDNA encoding a human macrophage migration
RT inhibitory factor.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:7522-7526(1989).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=94245178; PubMed=8188240;
RA Paralkar V., Wistow G.J.;
RT "Cloning the human gene for macrophage migration inhibitory factor
RT (MIF).";
RL Genomics 19:48-51(1994).
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=94052102; PubMed=8234256;
RA Mikayama T., Nakano T., Gomi H., Nakagawa Y., Liu Y.C.,
RA Iwamatsu A., Weiser W.Y., Ishizaka K., Sato M., Ishii Y.;
RT "Molecular cloning and functional expression of a cDNA encoding
RT glycosylation-inhibiting factor.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:10056-10060(1993).
RN [4]
RP SEQUENCE OF 9-114 FROM N.A.
RC TISSUE=Lens;
RX MEDLINE=93165679; PubMed=7679497;
RA Wistow G.J., Shaughnessy M., Lee D.C., Hodin J., Zelenka P.S.;
RT "A macrophage migration inhibitory factor is expressed in the
RT differentiating cells of the eye lens.";
RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:1272-1275(1993).
RN [5]
RP SEQUENCE OF 1-10.
RC TISSUE=Liver;
RX MEDLINE=93162045; PubMed=1286669;
RA Hochstrasser D.F., Frutiger S., Paquet N., Bairoch A., Ravier F.,
RA Pasquali C., Sanchez J.-C., Tissot J.-D., Bjellqvist B., Vargas R.,
RA Appel R.D., Hughes G.J.;
RT "Human liver protein map: a reference database established by
RT microsequencing and gel comparison.";
RL Electrophoresis 13:992-1001(1992).
RN [6]
RP SEQUENCE OF 2-23.
RX MEDLINE=93256574; PubMed=7683862;
RA Zeng F.Y., Weiser W.Y., Kratzin H., Stahl B., Karas M., Gabius H.J.;
RT "The major binding protein of the interferon antagonist sarcolectin

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in human placenta is a macrophage migration inhibitory factor.";
 Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 303:74-80(1993).
 [7]
 RX X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.1 ANGSTROMS).
 RA MEDLINE=96338096; PubMed=8766818;
 RA Sugimoto H., Suzuki M., Nakagawa A., Tanaka I., Nishihira J.;
 RT "Crystal structure of macrophage migration inhibitory factor from
 RT human lymphocyte at 2.1-A resolution.";
 RL FEBS Lett. 389:145-148(1996).
 [8]
 RX X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.9 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=96181524; PubMed=8610159;
 RA Kato Y., Muto T., Tomura T., Tsumura H., Watarai H., Mikayama T.,
 RA Ishizaka K., Kuroki R.;
 RT "The crystal structure of human glycosylation-inhibiting factor is a
 RT trimeric barrel with three 6-stranded beta-sheets.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:3007-3010(1996).
 [9]
 RX X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.6 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=96224258; PubMed=8643551;
 RA Sun H.W., Bernhagen J., Bucala R., Lolis E.;
 RT "Crystal structure at 2.6-A resolution of human macrophage migration
 RT inhibitory factor.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 93:5191-5196(1996).
 [10]
 RX X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.0 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=99282199; PubMed=10353846;
 RA Lubetsky J.B., Swope M., Dealwis C., Blake P., Lolis E.;
 RT "Pro-1 of macrophage migration inhibitory factor functions as a
 RT catalytic base in the phenylpyruvate tautomerase activity.";
 RL Biochemistry 38:7346-7354(1999).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: THE EXPRESSION OF MIF AT SITES OF INFLAMMATION SUGGEST A
 CC ROLE FOR THE MEDIATOR IN REGULATING THE FUNCTION OF MACROPHAGE IN
 CC HOST DEFENSE. ALSO ACTS AS A PHENYLPIRUVATE TAUTOMERASE.
 CC -1- SUBUNIT: HOMOTRIMER.
 CC -1- DISEASE: MIF ACTIVITY HAS BEEN DETECTED IN LEUKOCYTE CULTURE
 CC SUPERNATANTS OF MICE DURING ALLOGRAFT REJECTION, IN THE SYNOVIA
 CC OF PATIENTS WITH RHEUMATOID POLYARTHRITIS, AND IN A VARIETY OF
 CC CHRONIC INFLAMMATORY LOCII.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE MIF FAMILY.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 DR EMBL; Z23063; CAA80598.1; -;
 DR EMBL; M25639; AAA36315.1; -;
 DR EMBL; M95775; AAA36179.1; -;
 DR EMBL; L10612; AAA35892.1; -;
 DR EMBL; L19686; AAA21814.1; -;
 DR PIR; A33638; A33638.
 DR PIR; S33277; S33277.
 DR PDB; 1GIF; 12-MAR-97.
 DR PDB; 1MIF; 07-DEC-96.
 DR PDB; 1P1G; 07-JUN-99.
 DR PDB; 1CGG; 07-JUN-99.
 DR PDB; 1CA7; 30-JUN-99.
 DR SWISS-2DPAGE; P14174; HUMAN.
 DR MIM; 153620; -;
 DR InterPro; IPR001398; MIF.
 DR Pfam; PF01187; MIF; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS01158; MIF; 1.
 KW isomerase; Macrophage; Inflammatory response; Cytokine; 3D-structure.
 FT INIT_MET 0 0
 FT ACT_SITE 1 1 CATALYTIC BASE.
 FT CONFLICT 105 105 N -> S (IN REF. 1).
 FT SEQUENCE 114 AA; 12345 MW; 4BDS25232B3F3069 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 114;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 13;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 QY 1 DRVVI 5
 Db 92 DRVVI 96
 |||||
 RESULT 5
 MIF_MOUSE
 ID MIR_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 114 AA.
 AC P34884;
 DT 01-FEB-1994 (Rel. 28, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-1994 (Rel. 28, Last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DE MACROPHAGE MIGRATION INHIBITORY FACTOR (MIF) (PHENYLPIRUVATE
 DE TAUTOMERASE) (DELAYED EARLY RESPONSE PROTEIN 6) (DER6) (GLYCOSYLATION-
 DE INHIBITING FACTOR).
 GN MIF.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A., AND SEQUENCE OF 1-27.
 RC TISSUE-Pituitary;
 RX MEDLINE=94019845; PubMed=8413654;
 RA Bernhagen J., Calandra T., Mitchell R.A., Martin S.B.,
 RA Tracey K.J., Voelker W., Manogue K.R., Cerami A., Bucala R.;
 RT "MIF is a pituitary-derived cytokine that potentiates lethal
 RT endotoxaemia.";
 RL Nature 365:756-759(1993).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=BA1B/C;
 RX MEDLINE=92375060; PubMed=1508193;
 RA Lanahan A., Williams J.B., Sanders L.K., Nathans D.;
 RT "Growth factor-induced delayed early response genes.";
 RL Mol. Cell. Biol. 12:3919-3929(1992).
 RN [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=94052102; PubMed=8234256;
 RA Mikayama T., Nakano T., Gomi H., Nakagawa Y., Liu Y.C., Iwamatsu A.,
 RA Weiser W.Y., Ishizaka K., Sato M., Ishii Y.;
 RT "Molecular cloning and functional expression of a cDNA encoding
 RT glycosylation-inhibiting factor.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:10056-10060(1993).
 RN [4]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=129/SV;
 RX MEDLINE=95221891; PubMed=7706726;
 RA Mitchell R., Bacher M., Bernhagen J., Pushkarskaya T., Seldin M.F.,
 RA Bucala R.;
 RT "Cloning and characterization of the gene for mouse macrophage
 RT migration inhibitory factor (MIF).";
 RL J. Immunol. 154:3863-3870(1995).
 RN [5]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=129/SV;
 RX MEDLINE=96047325; PubMed=7558021;
 RA Bozza M., Kolakowski L.F. Jr., Jenkins N.A., Gilbert D.J.,
 RA Copeland N.G., David J.R., Gerard C.;
 RT "Structural characterization and chromosomal location of the mouse
 RT macrophage migration inhibitory factor gene and pseudogenes.";
 RL Genomics 27:412-419(1995).
 RN [6]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=129/SV;
 RX MEDLINE=96047324; PubMed=7558020;
 RA Kozak C.A., Adamson M.C., Buckler C.E., Segovia L., Paralkar V.,
 RA Wistow G.;
 RT "Genomic cloning of mouse MIF (macrophage inhibitory factor) and

genetic mapping of the human and mouse expressed gene and nine mouse pseudogenes.";
 Genomics 27:405-411(1995).
 [7]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 5-114 FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Lens;
 RX MEDLINE=93165679; PubMed=7679497;
 RA Wistow G.J., Shaugnessy M., Lee D.C., Hodin J., Zelenka P.S.;
 RT "A macrophage migration inhibitory factor is expressed in the
 differentiating cells of the eye lens.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 90:1272-1275(1993).
 [8]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (1.8 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=93303983; PubMed=10360941;
 RA Taylor A.B., Johnson W.H. Jr., Czerwinski R.M., Li H.S., Hackert M.L.,
 RA Whitman C.P.;
 RT "Crystal structure of macrophage migration inhibitory factor
 complexed with (E)-2-fluoro-p-hydroxycinnamate at 1.8 A resolution:
 implications for enzymatic catalysis and inhibition.";
 RL Biochemistry 38:7444-7452(1999).
 [9]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.00 ANGSTROMS).
 RX MEDLINE=20393856; PubMed=10933783;
 RA Stamps S.L., Taylor A.B., Wang S.C., Hackert M.L., Whitman C.P.;
 RT "Mechanism of the phenylpyruvate tautomerase activity of macrophage
 migration inhibitory factor: properties of the PIG, PIA, Y95F, and
 N97A mutants.";
 RL Biochemistry 39:9671-9678(2000).
 CC -!- FUNCTION: THE EXPRESSION OF MIF AT SITES OF INFLAMMATION SUGGEST A
 ROLE FOR THE MEDIATOR IN REGULATING THE FUNCTION OF MACROPHAGE IN
 HOST DEFENSE. ALSO ACTS AS A PHENYLPIRUVATE TAUTOMERASE.
 CC -!- SUBUNIT: HOMOTRIMER (BY SIMILARITY).
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE MIF FAMILY.
 CC
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 DR EMBL; Z23048; CAA80583.1; -;
 DR EMBL; U19825; AAA91637.1; -;
 DR EMBL; L10613; AAA37893.1; -;
 DR EMBL; U20156; AAA91638.1; -;
 DR EMBL; L39357; AAA74321.1; -;
 DR EMBL; L07607; AAA37111.1; -;
 DR PIR; S34299; S34299.
 DR PIR; A44499; A44499.
 DR PDB; IMFF; 11-AUG-00.
 DR PDB; IMFI; 22-JUN-99.
 DR MGD; MGI:96982; Mif.
 DR InterPro; IPR001398; MIF.
 DR Pfam; PF01187; MIF; 1.
 KW Isomerase; Macrophage; Inflammatory response; Cytokine; 3D-structure.
 FT INIT_MET 0
 FT ACT_SITE 1
 SQ SEQUENCE 114 AA; 12373 MW; 8FD2339CF0792F9E CRC64;

 Query Match 100.08; Score 26; DB 1; Length 114;
 Best Local Similarity 100.08; Pred. No. 13;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 92 DRVYI 96
 |||||
 RESULT 6
 MIF_RAT

MIF_RAT STANDARD; PRT; 114 AA.
 P30904;
 AC 01-JUL-1993 (Rel. 26, Created)
 DT 01-FEB-1996 (Rel. 33, Last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DE MACROPHAGE MIGRATION INHIBITORY FACTOR (MIF) (PHENYLPIRUVATE
 TAUTOMERASE) (GLUTATHIONE-BINDING 13 KDA PROTEIN).
 GN MIF.
 OS Rattus norvegicus (Rat).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10116;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RX MEDLINE=95030523; PubMed=7951062;
 RA Sakai M., Nishihira J., Hibiyu Y., Koyama Y., Nishi S.;
 RT "Glutathione binding rat liver 13k protein is the homologue of the
 macrophage migration inhibitory factor.";
 RL Biochem. Mol. Biol. Int. 33:439-446(1994).
 [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Lens;
 RA Wen Y., Li G., Bekhor I.;
 RL Submitted (MAR-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 [3]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=PVG/C;
 RA Sleeman M.A., Huckle J.W., Robinson M., Jahoda C.A.B.,
 RA Reynolds A.J., Whitehouse C.J.;
 RL Submitted (JUL-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 [4]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 1-25.
 RX MEDLINE=93063370; PubMed=1436109;
 RT Blocki F.A., Schlievert P.M., Wackett L.P.;
 RT "Rat liver protein linking chemical and immunological detoxification
 systems";
 RL Nature 360:269-270(1992).
 [5]
 RP X-RAY CRYSTALLOGRAPHY (2.2 ANGSTROMS).
 RC TISSUE=Liver;
 RX MEDLINE=96186248; PubMed=8605628;
 RA Suzuki M., Sugimoto H., Nakagawa A., Tanaka I., Nishihira J.,
 RA Sakai M.;
 RT "Crystal structure of the macrophage migration inhibitory factor from
 rat liver.";
 RL Nat. Struct. Biol. 3:259-266(1996).
 CC -!- FUNCTION: THE EXPRESSION OF MIF AT SITES OF INFLAMMATION SUGGEST A
 ROLE FOR THE MEDIATOR IN REGULATING THE FUNCTION OF MACROPHAGE IN
 HOST DEFENSE. ALSO ACTS AS A PHENYLPIRUVATE TAUTOMERASE.
 CC -!- SUBUNIT: HOMOTRIMER.
 CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: EXPRESSED IN A WIDE VARIETY OF ORGANS
 INCLUDING BRAIN, SPLEEN, LIVER, MUSCLE AND KIDNEY.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE MIF FAMILY.
 CC
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 DR EMBL; S73424; AAB32392.1; -;
 DR EMBL; U20999; AAA62644.1; -;
 DR EMBL; U62326; AAB04024.1; -;
 DR PDB; IFIM; 11-JUL-96.
 DR InterPro; IPR001398; MIF.
 DR Pfam; PF01187; MIF; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS01158; MIF; 1.
 KW Isomerase; Macrophage; Inflammatory response; Cytokine; 3D-structure.
 FT INIT_MET 0
 FT ACT_SITE 1
 FT CATALYTIC BASE (BY SIMILARITY).
 FT


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FT CONFLICT 50 50 S -> R (IN REF. 2).
SQ SEQUENCE 114 AA; 12346 MW; 9E33C39CF064329E CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 114;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
Db 92 DRVYI 96

RESULT 7
TBX6_HUMAN
ID TBX6_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 436 AA.
AC O95947;
DT 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Created)
DT 15-JUL-1999 (Rel. 38, Last sequence update)
DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE T-BOX TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR TBX6 (T-BOX PROTEIN 6).
GN TBX6.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=99134303; PubMed=9933572;
RA Papapetrou C., Putt W., Fox M., Edwards Y.H.;
RT "The human TBX6 gene: Cloning and assignment to chromosome 16p11.2.";
RL Genomics 55:238-241(1999).
[2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 135-272 FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=99107806; PubMed=9888994;
RA Yi C.-H., Terrett J.A., Li Q.-Y., Ellington K., Packham E.A.,
RT "Identification, mapping and phylogenomic analysis of four new human
members of the T-box gene family: BOMES, TBX6, TBX18, and TBX19.";
RL Genomics 55:10-20(1999).
[3]
RP FUNCTION: PROBABLE TRANSCRIPTIONAL REGULATOR INVOLVED IN
DEVELOPMENTAL PROCESSES. COULD BE REQUIRED FOR SPECIFICATION OF
PARAXIAL MESODERM STRUCTURES DURING GASTRULATION (BY SIMILARITY).
[4]
RP SUBUNIT: FORMS A DIMERIC COMPLEX WITH DNA (IN VITRO).
[5]
RP SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: NUCLEAR (POTENTIAL).
[6]
RP TISSUE SPECIFICITY: EXPRESSED IN FETAL TAIL BUD, POSTERIOR SPINAL
TISSUE, INTERVERTEBRAL DISC AND TESTIS. ALSO EXPRESSED IN ADULT
TESTIS, KIDNEY, LUNG, MUSCLE AND THYMUS.
[7]
RP DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: EXPRESSED DURING GASTRULATION AND DURING A
SECOND PHASE IN SOME ADULT TISSUES.
[8]
RP SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A T-BOX DOMAIN.
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KW Developmental protein.
FT DNA_BIND 100 273 T-BOX.
FT CONFLICT 207 207 H -> HV (IN REF. 2).
SQ SEQUENCE 436 AA; 47017 MW; 438178BD31B966E9 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 436;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVYI 5
Db 170 DRVYI 174

RESULT 8
ANGT_SHEEP
ID ANGT_SHEEP STANDARD; PRT; 476 AA.
AC P20757;
DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Created)
DT 01-OCT-1996 (Rel. 34, Last sequence update)
DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: ANGIOTENSIN I; ANGIOTENSIN II].
GN SERPIN A8 OR AGT.
OS Ovis aries (Sheep).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Cetartiodactyla; Ruminantia; Pecora; Bovidae;
OC Bovidae; Caprinae; Ovis.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9940;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX TISSUE=Liver;
RC MEDLINE=95072318; PubMed=7765514;
RA Nagase M., Suzuki F., Fukamizu A., Takeda N., Takeuchi K.,
RA Murakami K., Nakamura Y.;
RT "Sequencing and expression of sheep angiotensinogen cDNA.";
RL Biosci. Biotechnol. Biochem. 58:1884-1885(1994).
[2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 25-39.
RX MEDLINE=8613609; PubMed=3081342;
RA Farnley R.T., John M., Niall H.D., Coghlan J.P.;
RT "Purification and characterization of ovine angiotensinogen.";
RL Eur. J. Biochem. 154:597-601(1986).
CC -1- FUNCTION: IN RESPONSE TO LOWERED BLOOD PRESSURE, THE ENZYME RENIN
CLEAVES ANGIOTENSIN I, FROM ANGIOTENSINOGEN. ACE (ANGIOTENSIN
CONVERTING ENZYME) THEN REMOVES A DIPEPTIDE TO YIELD THE
PHYSIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE PEPTIDE ANGIOTENSIN II, THE MOST POTENT
PRESSOR SUBSTANCE KNOWN, WHICH HELPS REGULATE VOLUME AND MINERAL
BALANCE OF BODY FLUIDS.
CC -1- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: MADE IN THE LIVER & SECRETED IN THE PLASMA.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SERPIN FAMILY.
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FT CARBOHYD 295 295 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).
 SQ SEQUENCE 476 AA; 51304 MW; C8A517CD9FA029F7 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 476;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 55;

Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 DB 25 DRVYI 29

RESULT 9

ANGT_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 477 AA.
 AC P11859;
 DT 01-OCT-1989 (Rel. 12, Created)
 DT 01-OCT-1989 (Rel. 12, Last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DE ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: ANGIOTENSIN I; ANGIOTENSIN II].
 GN SERPINA8 OR AGT.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=88284703; PubMed=3397061;
 RA Clouston W.M., Evans B.A., Haralambidis J., Richards R.I.;
 RT "Molecular cloning of the mouse angiotensinogen gene.";
 RL Genomics 2:240-248(1988).
 CC -!- FUNCTION: IN RESPONSE TO LOWERED BLOOD PRESSURE, THE ENZYME RENIN
 CC CLEAVES ANGIOTENSIN I, FROM ANGIOTENSINOGEN. ACE (ANGIOTENSIN
 CC CONVERTING ENZYME) THEN REMOVES A DIPEPTIDE TO YIELD THE
 CC PHYSIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE PEPTIDE ANGIOTENSIN II, THE MOST POTENT
 CC PRESSOR SUBSTANCE KNOWN, WHICH HELPS REGULATE VOLUME AND MINERAL
 CC BALANCE OF BODY FLUIDS.
 CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: MADE IN THE LIVER & SECRETED IN THE PLASMA.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SERPIN FAMILY.

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DR EMBL; AF045887; AAC01765.1; -
 DR EMBL; AF045886; AAC01765.1; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; AF045885; AAC01765.1; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; AF045884; AAC01765.1; JOINED.
 DR PIR; A29978; A29978.
 DR MGD; MGI:87963; Agt.
 DR InterPro; IPR000227; Angiotensngn.
 DR InterPro; IPR000215; Serpin.
 DR Pfam; PF00079; serpin; 1.
 DR PRINTS; PR00654; ANGIOTENSNGN.
 DR SMART; SM00093; SERPIN; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00284; SERPIN; FALSE_NEG.
 KW Vasoconstrictor; Glycoprotein; Plasma; Serpin; Signal.

FT SIGNAL 1 24

FT CHAIN 25 477 ANGIOTENSINOGEN.

FT PEPTIDE 25 34 ANGIOTENSIN I.

FT PEPTIDE 25 32 ANGIOTENSIN II.

FT CARBOHYD 38 38 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).

FT CARBOHYD 319 319 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).

FT CARBOHYD 401 401 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).

SQ SEQUENCE 477 AA; 51990 MW; A877F4029F338607 CRC64;

Query Match

100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 477;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 55;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 DB 25 DRVYI 29

RESULT 10

ANGT_RAT STANDARD; PRT; 477 AA.
 ID ANGT_RAT
 AC P01015;
 DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)
 DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DE ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: ANGIOTENSIN I; ANGIOTENSIN II].
 GN SERPINA8 OR AGT.
 OS Rattus norvegicus (Rat).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Rattus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10116;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=WISTAR.
 RX MEDLINE=8316849; PubMed=6572971;
 RA Ohkubo H., Kageyama R., Ujihara M., Hirose T., Inayama S.,
 RA Nakanishi S.;
 RT "Cloning and sequence analysis of cDNA for rat angiotensinogen.";
 RL Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:2196-2200(1983).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE OF 25-34.
 RX MEDLINE=73060322; PubMed=4344907;
 RA Nakayama T., Nakajima T., Sokabe H.;
 RT "Comparative studies on angiotensins. II. Structure of rat
 RT angiotensin and its identification by DNS-method.";
 RL Chem. Pharm. Bull. 20:1579-1581(1972).
 CC -!- FUNCTION: IN RESPONSE TO LOWERED BLOOD PRESSURE, THE ENZYME RENIN
 CC CLEAVES ANGIOTENSIN I, FROM ANGIOTENSINOGEN. ACE (ANGIOTENSIN
 CC CONVERTING ENZYME) THEN REMOVES A DIPEPTIDE TO YIELD THE
 CC PHYSIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE PEPTIDE ANGIOTENSIN II, THE MOST POTENT
 CC PRESSOR SUBSTANCE KNOWN, WHICH HELPS REGULATE VOLUME AND MINERAL
 CC BALANCE OF BODY FLUIDS.
 CC -!- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: MADE IN THE LIVER & SECRETED IN THE PLASMA.
 CC -!- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SERPIN FAMILY.

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 CC -----

DR EMBL; L00094; AAA98779.1; -
 DR EMBL; L00091; AAA98779.1; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; L00092; AAA98779.1; JOINED.
 DR EMBL; L00093; AAA98779.1; JOINED.
 DR PIR; A01251; ANRT.
 DR InterPro; IPR000227; Angiotensngn.
 DR InterPro; IPR000215; Serpin.
 DR Pfam; PF00079; serpin; 1.
 DR PRINTS; PR00654; ANGIOTENSNGN.
 DR SMART; SM00093; SERPIN; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS00284; SERPIN; FALSE_NEG.

DR Vasoconstrictor; Glycoprotein; Plasma; Serpin; Signal.

FT SIGNAL 1 24

FT CHAIN 25 477 ANGIOTENSINOGEN.

FT PEPTIDE 25 34 ANGIOTENSIN I.

FT PEPTIDE 25 32 ANGIOTENSIN II.

FT CARBOHYD 295 295 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).

FT CARBOHYD 319 319 N-LINKED (GLCNAC...) (POTENTIAL).

SQ SEQUENCE 477 AA; 51981 MW; 689051A5788D693D CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 477;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 55;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 |||||
DB 25 DRVYI 29

RESULT 11
ANGT_HUMAN
ID ANGT_HUMAN STANDARD; PRT; 485 AA.
AC P01019; Q16358; Q16359;
DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Created)
DT 21-JUL-1986 (Rel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE ANGIOTENSINOGEN PRECURSOR [CONTAINS: ANGIOTENSIN I; ANGIOTENSIN II].
GN SERPINB8 OR AGT.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=89170129; PubMed=2924688;
RA Gaillard I., Clausen E., Corvol P.;
RT "Structure of human angiotensinogen gene.";
RL DNA 8:87-99(1989).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=85000455; PubMed=6089875;
RA Kageyama R., Onkubo H., Nakanishi S.;
RT "Primary structure of human preangiotensinogen deduced from the
RT cloned cDNA sequence.";
RL Biochemistry 23:3603-3609(1984).
RN [3]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=90237063; PubMed=1692023;
RA Fukamizu A., Takahashi S., Seo M.S., Tada M., Tanimoto K., Uehara S.,
RA Murakami K.;
RT "Structure and expression of the human angiotensinogen gene.
RT Identification of a unique and highly active promoter.";
RL J. Biol. Chem. 265:7576-7582(1990).
RN [4]
RP SEQUENCE OF 1-338 FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=87244745; PubMed=2885106;
RA Kunapuli S.P., Kumar A.;
RT "Molecular cloning of human angiotensinogen cDNA and evidence for the
RT presence of its mRNA in rat heart.";
RL Circ. Res. 60:786-790(1987).
RN [5]
RP SEQUENCE OF 34-43.
RX MEDLINE=69014170; PubMed=4300938;
RA Arakawa K., Minohara A., Yamada J., Nakamura M.;
RT "Enzymatic degradation and electrophoresis of human angiotensin I.";
RL Biochim. Biophys. Acta 168:106-112(1968).
RN [6]
RP STRUCTURE BY NMR OF ANGIOTENSIN II.
RX MEDLINE=98151281; PubMed=9492317;
RA Carpenter K.A., Wilkes B.C., Schiller P.W.;
RT "The octapeptide angiotensin II adopts a well-defined structure in a
RT phospholipid environment.";
RL Eur. J. Biochem. 251:448-453(1998).
RN [7]
RP VARIANTS MET-207; THR-268 AND CYS-281.
RX MEDLINE=93098239; PubMed=1394429;
RA Jeunenmaire X., Soubrier F., Kotelevtsev Y.V., Lifton R.P.,
RA Williams C.S., Charu A., Hunt S.C., Hopkins P.N., Williams R.R.,
RA Lalouel J.-M., Corvol P.;
RT "Molecular basis of human hypertension: role of angiotensinogen.";
RL Cell 71:169-180(1992).
RN [8]

RP VARIANT THR-268
RX MEDLINE=93291876; PubMed=8513325;
RA Ward K., Hata A., Jeunenmaire X., Helin C., Nelson L., Nankawa C.,
RA Farrington P.F., Ogasawara M., Suzumori K., Tomoda S., Berrebi S.,
RA Sasaki M., Corvol P., Lifton R.P., Lalouel J.-M.;
RT "A molecular variant of angiotensinogen associated with
RT preeclampsia.";
RL Nat. Genet. 4:59-61(1993).
RN [9]
RP VARIANTS ILE-242; ARG-244 AND CYS-281.
RX MEDLINE=95331754; PubMed=7607642;
RA Hixson J.E., Powers P.K.;
RT "Detection and characterization of new mutations in the human
RT angiotensinogen gene (AGT).";
RL Hum. Genet. 96:110-112(1995).
CC -|- FUNCTION: IN RESPONSE TO LOWERED BLOOD PRESSURE, THE ENZYME RENIN
CC CLEAVES ANGIOTENSIN I. FROM ANGIOTENSINOGEN. ACE (ANGIOTENSIN
CC CONVERTING ENZYME) THEN REMOVES A DIPEPTIDE TO YIELD THE
CC PHYSIOLOGICALLY ACTIVE PEPTIDE ANGIOTENSIN II, THE MOST POTENT
CC PRESSOR SUBSTANCE KNOWN, WHICH HELPS REGULATE VOLUME AND MINERAL
CC BALANCE OF BODY FLUIDS.
CC -|- TISSUE SPECIFICITY: MADE IN THE LIVER & SECRETED IN THE PLASMA.
CC -|- DISEASE: AGT SEEMS TO BE ASSOCIATED WITH A PREDISPOSITION TO
CC ESSENTIAL HYPERTENSION AS WELL AS PREGNANCY-INDUCED HYPERTENSION
CC (PIH) (PREECLAMPSIA).
CC -|- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE SERPIN FAMILY.
CC -|- CAUTION: IT IS UNCERTAIN WHETHER MET-1 OR MET-10 IS THE INITIATOR.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; K02215; AAA51731.1; -;
DR EMBL; M24689; AAA51679.1; -;
DR EMBL; M24686; AAA51679.1; JOINED.
DR EMBL; M24687; AAA51679.1; JOINED.
DR EMBL; M24688; AAA51679.1; JOINED.
DR EMBL; M24689; AAA51679.1; JOINED.
DR EMBL; X15324; CAA33385.1; -;
DR EMBL; X15325; CAA33385.1; JOINED.
DR EMBL; X15326; CAA33385.1; JOINED.
DR EMBL; X15327; CAA33385.1; JOINED.
DR EMBL; M69110; AAA52282.1; -;
DR EMBL; S78529; AAD14287.1; -;
DR EMBL; S78530; AAD14288.1; -;
DR PIR; A01249; ANHU.
DR PIR; A31362; A31362.
DR PIR; A35203; A35203.
DR SWISS-2DPAGE; P01019; HUMAN.
DR TM; 106150; -;
DR InterPro; IPR000227; Angiotensn.
DR InterPro; IPR000215; Serpin.
DR Pfam; PF00079; serpin; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00654; ANGIOTENSNGN.
DR SMART; SM00093; SERPIN; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00284; SERPIN; 1.
KW Vasoconstrictor; Glycoprotein; Plasma; Serpin; Signal;
KW Disease mutation; Polymorphism.
FT SIGNAL 1 33
FT CHAIN 34 485 ANGIOTENSINOGEN.
FT PEPTIDE 34 43 ANGIOTENSIN I.
FT PEPTIDE 34 41 ANGIOTENSIN II.
FT CARBOHYD 47 47 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 170 170 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 304 304 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 328 328 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT VARIANT 207 207 T -> M.
FT /FTID=VAR_007093.
FT T -> I (IN HYPERTENSION).
FT VARIANT 242 242
FT /FTID=VAR_007094.
FT FT

FT VARIANT 244 244 L -> R (IN HYPERTENSION).
 FT /FTID=VAR_007095.
 FT VARIANT 268 268 M -> T (IN HYPERTENSION).
 FT /FTID=VAR_007096.
 FT VARIANT 281 281 Y -> C (IN HYPERTENSION).
 FT /FTID=VAR_007097.
 FT CONFLICT 333 333 /FTID=VAR_007097.
 FT Q -> E (IN REF. 1).
 SQ SEQUENCE 485 AA; 53154 MW; 5026C2DFB2DD236E CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 485;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 56;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 DRVYI 5
 |||||
 DB 34 DRVYI 38

RESULT 12
 YB95_METJA STANDARD; PRT; 518 AA.
 AC O58595;
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DE PUTATIVE 2-ISOPROPYLMALATE/HOMOCITRATE SYNTHASE MJ1195 (EC 4.1.3.-).
 GN MJ1195.
 OS Methanococcus jannaschii.
 OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Methanococcales; Methanococcaceae;
 CC Methanococcus.
 ON NCBI_TaxID=2190;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=JAL-1 / DSM 2661 / ATCC 43067;
 RX MEDLINE=96337999; PubMed=8688087;
 RA Bult C.J., White O., Olsen G.J., Zhou L., Fleischmann R.D.,
 RA Sutton G.G., Blake J.A., Fitzgerald L.M., Clayton R.A., Gocayne J.D.,
 RA Kerlavage A.R., Dougherty B.A., Tomb J.-F., Adams M.D., Reich C.I.,
 RA Overbeek R., Kirkness E.F., Weinstock K.G., Merrick J.M., Glodek A.,
 RA Scott J.L., Geoghagen N.S.M., Weidman J.F., Fuhrmann J.L., Nguyen D.,
 RA Cotton M.D., Kelley J.M., Peterson J.D., Sadow P.W., Hanna M.C.,
 RA Utterback T.R., Roberts K.M., Hurst M.A., Kaine B.P., Borodovsky M.,
 RA Klenk H.-P., Fraser C.M., Smith H.O., Woese C.R., Venter J.C.;
 RT "Complete genome sequence of the methanogenic archaeon, Methanococcus
 jannaschii";
 RL Science 273:1058-1073(1996).
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE ALPHA-IPM SYNTHETASE / HOMOCITRATE
 CC SYNTHASE FAMILY.
 CC -----
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 CC -----
 CC EMBL; U67561; AAB99199.1; -.
 CC TIGR; MJ1195; -.
 CC InterPro; IPR002034; AIPM_homocit_synth.
 CC InterPro; IPR000891; HMGL-like.
 CC Pfam; PF00682; HMGL-like; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS00815; AIPM_HOMOCIT_SYNTH_1; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS00816; AIPM_HOMOCIT_SYNTH_2; 1.
 CC Hypothetical protein; Lyase; Complete proteome.
 KW SEQUENCE 518 AA; 56620 MW; 604AB61B41E607A4 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 518;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 60;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 DRVYI 5
 |||||
 DB 22 DRVYI 26

RESULT 13
 TBX6_MOUSE STANDARD; PRT; 540 AA.
 ID TBX6_MOUSE
 AC P70327;
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Created)
 DT 01-NOV-1997 (Rel. 35, Last sequence update)
 DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
 DE T-BOX TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR TBX6 (T-BOX PROTEIN 6).
 GN TBX6.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Mus.
 ON NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Embryo;
 RX MEDLINE=97032942; PubMed=8878690;
 RA Agulnik S.I., Garvey N., Hancock S., Ruvinsky I., Chapman D.L.,
 RA Agulnik I., Bollag R.J., Papaioannou V.E., Silver L.M.;
 RT "Evolution of mouse T-box genes by tandem duplication and cluster
 RT dispersion";
 RL Genetics 144:249-254(1996).
 RN [2]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC TISSUE=Gastrula;
 RX MEDLINE=97115702; PubMed=8954725;
 RA Chapman D.L., Agulnik I., Hancock S., Silver L.M., Papaioannou V.E.;
 RT "Tbx6, a mouse T-Box gene implicated in paraxial mesoderm formation at
 RT gastrulation";
 RL Dev. Biol. 180:534-542(1996).
 RN [3]
 RP FUNCTION.

CC MEDLINE=98140705; PubMed=9490412;
 CC Chapman D.L., Papaioannou V.E.;
 CC "Three neural tubes in mouse embryos with mutations in the T-box gene
 CC Tbx6";
 CC Nature 391:695-697(1998).
 CC -1- FUNCTION: PROBABLE TRANSCRIPTIONAL REGULATOR INVOLVED IN
 CC DEVELOPMENTAL PROCESSES. REQUIRED FOR SPECIFICATION OF PARAXIAL
 CC MESODERM STRUCTURES DURING GASTRULATION. IN ITS ABSENCE CELLS
 CC DESTINED TO FORM POSTERIOR SOMITES DIFFERENTIATE ALONG A NEURONAL
 CC PATHWAY.
 CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: NUCLEAR (POTENTIAL).
 CC -1- DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE: TBX6 IS FIRST DETECTED IN THE GASTRULATION
 CC STAGE IN THE PRIMITIVE STREAK AND NEWLY RECRUITED PARAXIAL
 CC MESODERM. LATER IN DEVELOPMENT IT IS RESTRICTED TO PRESOMITIC,
 CC PARAXIAL MESODERM AND TO THE TAIL BUD, WHICH REPLACES THE STREAK
 CC AS THE SOURCE OF MESODERM.
 CC -1- SIMILARITY: CONTAINS A T-BOX DOMAIN.
 CC -----

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 CC -----

CC EMBL; U57331; AAC53110.1; -.
 CC HSSP; P24781; IXHR.
 CC MGD; MGI:102539; Tbx6.
 CC InterPro; IPR001699; T-box.
 CC Pfam; PF00907; T-box; 1.
 CC PRINTS; PR00937; TBOX.
 CC SMART; SM00425; TBOX; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS01283; TBOX_1; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS01264; TBOX_2; 1.
 CC PROSITE; PS0252; TBOX_3; 1.

KW Transcription regulation; DNA-binding; Nuclear protein; Envelope protein; Glycoprotein;
KW Developmental protein.
FT DOMAIN 61 64 POLY-ALA.
FT DOMAIN 79 82 POLY-PRO.
FT DNA_BIND 100 273 T-BOX.
SQ SEQUENCE 540 AA; 58628 MW; BC834CE2745E8561 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 540;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 62;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
|||||

Db 170 DRVYI 174

RESULT 14
HEMA_SENDS STANDARD; PRT; 575 AA.
AC P27562;
DT 01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, Created)
DT 01-AUG-1992 (Rel. 23, Last sequence update)
DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE HEMAGGLUTININ-NEURAMINIDASE (EC 3.2.1.18).
GN HN.
OS Sendai virus (strain Z / host mutants).
OC Viruses; ssRNA negative-strand viruses; Mononegavirales;
OC Paramyxoviridae; Paramyxovirinae; Paramyxovirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=11192;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN-MUTANT TS-F1, AND MUTANT F1-R;
RX MEDLINE=90266486; PubMed=2161155;
RA Middleton Y., Tashiro M., Thai T., Oh J., Seymour J., Pritzer E.,
Klenk H.D., Rott R., Seto J.T.;
RT "Nucleotide sequence analyses of the genes encoding the HN, M, NP, P,
and L proteins of two host range mutants of Sendai virus.";
RL Virology 176:656-657(1990).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN-MUTANT F1-R / T-5 REVERTANT;
RX MEDLINE=91335752; PubMed=1651590;
RA Tashiro M., James I., Karri S., Wahn K., Tobita K., Klenk H.D.,
Rott R., Seto J.T.;
RT "Pneumotropic revertants derived from a pantropic mutant, F1-R, of
Sendai virus.";
RL Virology 184:227-234(1991).

CC -1- FUNCTION: HEMAGGLUTININ IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ATTACHING THE VIRUS
CC TO CELL RECEPTORS AND FOR INITIATING INFECTION. NEURAMINIDASE
CC ACTIVITY HELPS THE EFFICIENT SPREAD OF THE VIRUS BY DISSOCIATING
CC THE MATURE VIRIONS FROM THE NEURAMINIC ACID CONTAINING
CC GLYCOPROTEINS.
CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: HYDROLYSIS OF ALPHA-(2->3)-, ALPHA-(2->6)-,
CC ALPHA-(2->8)-GLYCOSIDIC LINKAGES OF TERMINAL SIALIC RESIDUES IN
CC OLIGOSACCHARIDES, GLYCOPROTEINS, GLYCOLIPIDS, COLOMINIC ACID AND
CC SYNTHETIC SUBSTRATES.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: EXTERNAL, ANCHORED TO THE ENVELOPE BY ITS
CC N-TERMINAL HYDROPHOBIC SEQUENCE.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE PARAMYXOVIRUSES HEMAGGLUTININ-
CC NEURAMINIDASE FAMILY.
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CC -----
DR EMBL; M30202; AAB06282.1; -;
DR EMBL; M30203; AAB06288.1; -;
DR EMBL; M30204; AAB06200.1; -;

DR EMBL; M69046; AAB06294.1; -;
DR InterPro; IPR000665; Hem-neuramndse.
DR Pfam; PF00423; HN; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Hemagglutinin; Envelope protein; Glycoprotein;
KW Transmembrane.
FT DOMAIN 1 35 CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).
FT TRANSMEM 36 60 POTENTIAL.
FT DOMAIN 61 575 EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 77 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 499 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 511 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
SQ SEQUENCE 575 AA; 63469 MW; 86EE95B73AD7EB2D CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 575;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 67;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
|||||

Db 419 DRVYI 423

RESULT 15
HEMA_SENDF STANDARD; PRT; 575 AA.
AC P19758;
DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Created)
DT 01-FEB-1991 (Rel. 17, Last sequence update)
DT 20-AUG-2001 (Rel. 40, Last annotation update)
DE HEMAGGLUTININ-NEURAMINIDASE (EC 3.2.1.18).
GN HN.
OS Sendai virus (strain Fushimi).
OC Viruses; ssRNA negative-strand viruses; Mononegavirales;
OC Paramyxoviridae; Paramyxovirinae; Paramyxovirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=11195;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX MEDLINE=91057133; PubMed=2173829;
RA Neubert W.J., Willenbrink W.;
RT "Cloning and sequencing of the HN gene of Sendai virus (strain
RT Fushimi).";
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 18:6427-6427(1990).

CC -1- FUNCTION: HEMAGGLUTININ IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ATTACHING THE VIRUS
CC TO CELL RECEPTORS AND FOR INITIATING INFECTION. NEURAMINIDASE
CC ACTIVITY HELPS THE EFFICIENT SPREAD OF THE VIRUS BY DISSOCIATING
CC THE MATURE VIRIONS FROM THE NEURAMINIC ACID CONTAINING
CC GLYCOPROTEINS.
CC -1- CATALYTIC ACTIVITY: HYDROLYSIS OF ALPHA-(2->3)-, ALPHA-(2->6)-,
CC ALPHA-(2->8)-GLYCOSIDIC LINKAGES OF TERMINAL SIALIC RESIDUES IN
CC OLIGOSACCHARIDES, GLYCOPROTEINS, GLYCOLIPIDS, COLOMINIC ACID AND
CC SYNTHETIC SUBSTRATES.
CC -1- SUBCELLULAR LOCATION: EXTERNAL, ANCHORED TO THE ENVELOPE BY ITS
CC N-TERMINAL HYDROPHOBIC SEQUENCE.
CC -1- SIMILARITY: BELONGS TO THE PARAMYXOVIRUSES HEMAGGLUTININ-
CC NEURAMINIDASE FAMILY.
CC -----
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CC -----
DR EMBL; X56131; CAA39596.1; -;
DR PIR; S12135; S12135.
DR PIR; S12462; S12462.
DR InterPro; IPR000665; Hem-neuramndse.
DR Pfam; PF00423; HN; 1.
KW Hydrolase; Hemagglutinin; Envelope protein; Glycoprotein;
KW Transmembrane.
FT DOMAIN 1 35 CYTOPLASMIC (POTENTIAL).

FT TRANSMEM 36 60 POTENTIAL.
FT DOMAIN 61 575 EXTRACELLULAR (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 77 77 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 499 499 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
FT CARBOHYD 511 511 N-LINKED (GLCNAC. . .) (POTENTIAL).
SQ SEQUENCE 575 AA; 63347 MW; 93FD0532F6147BF6 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 575;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 67;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

Qy 1 DRVII 5
 |||||
Db 419 DRVYI 423

Search completed: February 26, 2002, 08:18:04
Job time: 108 sec

GenCore version 4.5
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OM protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: February 26, 2002, 08:15:41 ; Search time 22.88 Seconds
(without alignments)
31.965 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-658-315-9
Perfect score: 26
Sequence: 1 DRVYI 5

Scoring table: BLOSUM62
Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 473505 seqs, 146272329 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 473505

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%
Maximum Match 100%
Listing first 45 summaries

Database :

- 1: SPTEMBL17.*
- 2: sp-archaea.*
- 3: sp-bacteria.*
- 4: sp-fungi.*
- 5: sp-human.*
- 6: sp_invertebrate.*
- 7: sp_mhc.*
- 8: sp-organelle.*
- 9: sp-phage.*
- 10: sp-plant.*
- 11: sp-rodent.*
- 12: sp-virus.*
- 13: sp-vertebrate.*
- 14: sp_unclassified.*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

| Result No. | Score | Query Match % | Length | DB | ID | Description |
|------------|-------|---------------|--------|----|--------|-------------|
| 1 | 26 | 100.0 | 14 | 5 | Q10757 | theromyzon |
| 2 | 26 | 100.0 | 72 | 2 | Q9R540 | clostridium |
| 3 | 26 | 100.0 | 87 | 8 | Q9G9H0 | eretmocerus |
| 4 | 26 | 100.0 | 167 | 2 | Q9KG21 | bacillus ha |
| 5 | 26 | 100.0 | 173 | 12 | Q88184 | san miguel |
| 6 | 26 | 100.0 | 178 | 1 | Q9HIS3 | thermoplasm |
| 7 | 26 | 100.0 | 186 | 5 | Q9W387 | thermophila |
| 8 | 26 | 100.0 | 195 | 1 | Q28741 | archaeoglob |
| 9 | 26 | 100.0 | 238 | 2 | Q66729 | aquifex aeo |
| 10 | 26 | 100.0 | 248 | 2 | Q44326 | agrobacteri |
| 11 | 26 | 100.0 | 291 | 3 | Q9C445 | penicillium |
| 12 | 26 | 100.0 | 291 | 4 | Q9HBV1 | homo sapien |
| 13 | 26 | 100.0 | 291 | 11 | Q9ES81 | mus musculu |
| 14 | 26 | 100.0 | 295 | 4 | Q9HA44 | homo sapien |
| 15 | 26 | 100.0 | 312 | 10 | Q48726 | arabidopsis |
| 16 | 26 | 100.0 | 321 | 5 | Q9GNL3 | drosofila |
| 17 | 26 | 100.0 | 340 | 12 | Q9DVM3 | plutella xy |
| 18 | 26 | 100.0 | 369 | 13 | Q9IAE7 | pantodon bu |
| 19 | 26 | 100.0 | 377 | 13 | Q9IAG5 | gymnarchus |

| | | | | | | |
|----|----|-------|------|----|--------|-------------|
| 20 | 26 | 100.0 | 408 | 10 | Q9MA64 | arabidopsis |
| 21 | 26 | 100.0 | 409 | 1 | O27084 | methanobact |
| 22 | 26 | 100.0 | 461 | 11 | O9D2V0 | mus musculu |
| 23 | 26 | 100.0 | 485 | 6 | O9GLP7 | pan troglod |
| 24 | 26 | 100.0 | 485 | 6 | O9GLP6 | gorilla gor |
| 25 | 26 | 100.0 | 485 | 6 | O9GLN8 | pan troglod |
| 26 | 26 | 100.0 | 486 | 6 | O9RS20 | callithrix |
| 27 | 26 | 100.0 | 509 | 10 | Q9TOL4 | arabidopsis |
| 28 | 26 | 100.0 | 575 | 12 | O88413 | sendai viru |
| 29 | 26 | 100.0 | 614 | 2 | O87250 | lactococcus |
| 30 | 26 | 100.0 | 644 | 2 | O9KQX5 | vibrio chol |
| 31 | 26 | 100.0 | 661 | 2 | O9KCM3 | bacillus ha |
| 32 | 26 | 100.0 | 749 | 2 | P73687 | synchocyst |
| 33 | 26 | 100.0 | 798 | 2 | O9E2L3 | mycobacteri |
| 34 | 26 | 100.0 | 838 | 3 | O94653 | schizosacch |
| 35 | 26 | 100.0 | 1047 | 1 | O9HK17 | thermoplasm |
| 36 | 26 | 100.0 | 1062 | 2 | O9K9V9 | thermoplasm |
| 37 | 26 | 100.0 | 1076 | 1 | O28994 | archaeoglob |
| 38 | 26 | 100.0 | 1238 | 2 | O25330 | helicobacte |
| 39 | 26 | 100.0 | 1280 | 5 | O9V255 | drosofila |
| 40 | 26 | 100.0 | 1296 | 2 | Q45894 | clostridium |
| 41 | 26 | 100.0 | 1812 | 4 | Q9ULL3 | homo sapien |
| 42 | 26 | 100.0 | 2018 | 4 | O9NZM0 | homo sapien |
| 43 | 26 | 100.0 | 2048 | 4 | O9HBU3 | homo sapien |
| 44 | 26 | 100.0 | 2061 | 4 | O9NZM1 | homo sapien |
| 45 | 26 | 100.0 | 2433 | 12 | O9I464 | aichi virus |

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1
Q10757
ID Q10757 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 14 AA.
AC Q10757;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TReMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TReMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DE ANGIOSENSINOGEN (FRAGMENT).
OS Theromyzon tessulatum (Leech).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Annelida; Clitellata; Hirudiniida; Hirudinea;
OC Rhynchobdellida; Glossiphoniidae; Theromyzon.
OX NCBI_TaxID=13286;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE.
RX MEDLINE=95365039; PubMed=7637887;
RA Laurent V., Bulet P., Salzet M.A.;
RT "A comparison of the leech Theromyzon tessulatum angiotensin I-like molecule with forms of vertebrate angiotensinogens: a hormonal system conserved in the course of evolution.";
RL Neurosci. Lett. 190:175-178(1995).
RN [2]
RP SEQUENCE OF 1-10.
RC TISSUE=BRAIN;
RX MEDLINE=96201949; PubMed=8612806;
RA Laurent V., Salzet M.;
RT "Metabolism of angiotensins by head membranes of the leech Theromyzon tessulatum.";
RL FEBS Lett. 384:123-127(1996).
CC -!- FUNCTION: IN LEECHES THE ANGIOTENSINS ARE INVOLVED IN DIURESIS.
KW Glycoprotein; Serpin.
FT NON_TER 14
SQ SEQUENCE 14 AA: 1763 MW: 335109D8EEFBD7 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 5; Length 14;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 10;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5

Db 1 DRVYI 5

```
RESULT 2
Q9R540
ID Q9R540 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 72 AA.
AC Q9R540;
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last annotation update)
DE NEUROTOXIN HEAVY CHAIN 18 KDA FRAGMENT (FRAGMENT).
OS Clostridium botulinum.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillus/Clostridium group; Clostridiaceae;
OC Clostridium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=1491;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE.
RX MEDLINE=94000342; PubMed=8397793;
RA Gimenez J.A., DasGupta B.R.;
RT "Botulinum type A neurotoxin digested with pepsin yields 132, 97, 72,
RT 45, 42, and 18 kD fragments.";
RL J. Protein Chem. 12:351-363(1993).
DR HSSP; P10845; 3BTA.
SQ SEQUENCE 72 AA; 8165 MW; B7A959576A615E18 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 72;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 64;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db ||||| 35

RESULT 3
Q9G9H0
ID Q9G9H0 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 87 AA.
AC Q9G9H0;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE CYTOCHROME OXIDASE II (FRAGMENT).
OS Eretmocerus mundus.
OC Mitochondrion.
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Tracheata; Hexapoda; Insecta;
OC Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Hymenoptera; Apoecrita;
OC Chalcidoidea; Aphelinidae; Eretmocerus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=77302;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RA De Barro P.J., Driver F., Naumann I.D., Clarke G.M., Curran J.;
RT "Descriptions of three species of Eretmocerus Haldeman (Hymenoptera:
RT Aphelinidae) parasitising Bemisia tabaci (Gennadius) (Hemiptera:
RT Aleyrodidae) and Trialeurodes vaporariorum (Westwood) (Hemiptera:
RT Aleyrodidae) in Australia based on morphological and molecular data.";
RL Aust. J. Entomol. 0:0-0(2000).
DR EMBL; AF275275; AAG25079.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001505; COX2.
DR Pfam; PF00116; COX2; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR01166; CYCOXIDASEII.
DR ProDom; PD000131; COX2; 1.
KW Mitochondrion.
FT NON_TER 1
FT NON_TER 87
SQ SEQUENCE 87 AA; 10387 MW; 43E205FB2E1C6FEC CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 8; Length 87;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 79;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db |||||
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Db 81 DRVYI 85

RESULT 4
Q9KG21
ID Q9KG21 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 167 AA.
AC Q9KG21;
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Created)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last sequence update)
DT 01-OCT-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 15, Last annotation update)
DE BH0294 PROTEIN.
DE BH0294.
GN BH0294.
OS Bacillus halodurans.
OC Bacteria; Firmicutes; Bacillus/Clostridium group;
OC Bacillus/Staphylococcus group; Bacillus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=86665;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX STRAIN=C-125 / JCM 9153;
RX MEDLINE=20512582; PubMed=11058132;
RA Takami H., Nakasone K., Takaki Y., Maeno G., Sasaki R., Masui N.,
RA Fuji F., Hirama C., Nakamura Y., Ogasawara N., Kuhara S.,
RA Horikoshi K.;
RT "Complete genome sequence of the alkaliphilic bacterium Bacillus
RT halodurans and genomic sequence comparison with Bacillus subtilis.";
RL Nucleic Acids Res. 28:4317-4331(2000).
DR EMBL; AP001508; BAB04013.1; -.
KW Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 167 AA; 19535 MW; 0C33F04D1A2E834D CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 167;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.6e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db ||||| 65

RESULT 5
Q88184
ID Q88184 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 173 AA.
AC Q88184;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TrEMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE RNA-DEPENDENT RNA POLYMERASE (FRAGMENT).
OS San Miguel sea lion virus.
OC Viruses; ssRNA positive-strand viruses, no DNA stage; Caliciviridae;
OC Vesivirus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=11982;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX STRAIN=SEROTYPE 5;
RX MEDLINE=95287505; PubMed=7769708;
RA Neill J.D., Meyer R.F., Seal B.S.;
RT "Genetic relatedness of the caliciviruses: San Miguel sea lion and
RT vesicular exanthema of swine viruses constitute a single genotype
RT within the Caliciviridae.";
RL J. Virol. 69:4484-4488(1995).
DR EMBL; U18731; AAA82219.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR001643; CaliciCoat.
DR PRINTS; PR00918; CALICIVIRUSNS.
DR RNA-directed RNA polymerase.
FT NON_TER 1
FT NON_TER 173
SQ SEQUENCE 173 AA; 19532 MW; 1830C8461CC21F7F CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 12; Length 173;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.7e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
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QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 50 DRVYI 54

RESULT 6
Q9HIS3 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 178 AA.
AC Q9HIS3
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE PROBABLE 50S RIBOSOMAL PROTEIN L6.
GN TAI255.
OS Thermoplasma acidophilum.
OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Thermoplasmales; Thermoplasmataceae;
OC Thermoplasma.
OX NCBI_TaxID=2303;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=DSM 1728;
RX MEDLINE=20479972; PubMed=11029001;
RA Ruepp A., Graml W., Santos-Martinez M.-L., Koretke K.K., Volker C.,
RA Mewes H.-W., Frishman D., Stocker S., Lupas A.N., Baumeister W.;
RT "The genome sequence of the thermoacidophilic scavenger Thermoplasma
RT acidophilum."
RL Nature 407:508-513(2000).
DR EMBL: AL445067; CAB12379.1; -
DR InterPro: IPR000702; Ribosomal_L6.
DR Pfam: PF00347; Ribosomal_L6; 1.
DR ProDom: PD002236; Ribosomal_L6; 1.
KW Ribosomal protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 178 AA; 19641 MW; 33B1312C268886A5 CRC64;
1.

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 178;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.8e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 134 DRVYI 138

RESULT 7
Q9W387 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 186 AA.
AC Q9W387
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Created)
DT 01-MAY-2000 (TrEMBLrel. 13, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE CG12664 PROTEIN.
DE CG12664 OR CG12664.
GN LD14 OR CG12664.
OS Drosophila melanogaster (Fruit fly).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Arthropoda; Tracheata; Hexapoda; Insecta;
OC Pterygota; Neoptera; Endopterygota; Diptera; Brachycera; Muscomorpha;
OC Ephydroidea; Drosophilidae; Drosophila.
OX NCBI_TaxID=7227;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=BERKELEY;
RX MEDLINE=20196006; PubMed=107311132;
RA Adams M.D., Celniker S.E., Holt R.A., Evans C.A., Gocayne J.D.,
RA Ananides P.G., Scherer S.E., Li P.W., Hoskins R.A., Galle R.F.,
RA George R.A., Lewis S.E., Richards S., Ashburner M., Henderson S.N.,
RA Sutton G.G., Wortman J.R., Yandell M.D., Zhang Q., Chen L.X.,
RA Brandon R.C., Rogers Y.-H.C., Blazej R.G., Champe M., Pfeiffer B.D.,
RA Wan K.H., Doyle C., Baxter E.G., Helt G., Nelson C.R., Miklos G.L.G.,
RA April J.F., Agbayani A., An H.-J., Andrews-Pfannkoch C., Baldwin D.,
RA Ballou R.M., Basu A., Baxendale J., Bayraktaroglu L., Beasley E.M.,
RA Beeson K.Y., Benos P.V., Bereman B.P., Bhandari D., Bolshakov S.,
RA Borkova D., Botchan M.R., Bouck J., Brokstein P., Brottier P.,

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RA Burtis K.C., Busam D.A., Butler H., Cadieu E., Center A., Chandra I.,
RA Cherry J.M., Cawley S., Dahlke C., Davenport L.B., Davies P.,
RA de Pablos B., Delcher A., Deng Z., Mays A.D., Dew I., Dietz S.M.,
RA Dodson K., Doup L.E., Downes M., Dugan-Rocha S., Dunkov B.C., Dunn P.,
RA Durbin K.J., Evangelista C.C., Ferraz C., Ferriera S., Fleischmann W.,
RA Folsler C., Gabriellian A.E., Garg N.S., Gelbart W.M., Glasser K.,
RA Glodek A., Gong F., Gorrell J.H., Gu Z., Guan P., Harris M.,
RA Harris N.L., Harvey D., Heiman T.J., Hernandez J.R., Houck J.,
RA Hostin D., Houston K.A., Howland T.J., Wei M.-H., Ibegwam C.,
RA Jalali M., Kalush F., Karpen G.H., Ke Z., Kennison J.A., Ketchum K.A.,
RA Kimmel B.E., Kodira C.D., Kraft C., Kravitz S., Kulp D., Lai Z.,
RA Lasko P., Lei Y., Levitsky A.A., Li J., Li Z., Liang Y., Lin X.,
RA Liu X., Mattei B., McIntosh T.C., McLeod M.P., McPherson D.,
RA Merkulov G., Milshina N.V., Mobarry C., Morris J., Moshrefi A.,
RA Mount S.M., Moy M., Murphy B., Murphy L., Muzny D.M., Nelson D.L.,
RA Nelson D.R., Nelson K.A., Nixon K., Nuskern D.R., Paclab J.M.,
RA Palazzolo M., Pittman G.S., Pan S., Pollard J., Puri V., Reese M.G.,
RA Relnert K., Remington K., Saunders R.D.C., Scheeler F., Shen H.,
RA Shue B.C., Siden-Kiamos I., Simpson M., Skupski M.P., Smith T.,
RA Spier E., Spradling A.C., Stapleton M., Strong R., Sun E.,
RA Svirskaas R., Tector C., Turner R., Venter E., Wang A.H., Wang X.,
RA Wang Z.-Y., Wassarman D.A., Weinstein G.M., Weissenbach J.,
RA Williams S.M., Woodage T., Worley K.C., Wu D., Yang S., Yao Q.A.,
RA Ye J., Yeh R.-F., Zaveri J.S., Zhan M., Zhang G., Zhao Q., Zheng L.,
RA Zheng X.H., Zhong F.N., Zhong W., Zhou X., Zhu S., Zhu X., Smith H.O.,
RA Gibbs R.A., Myers E.W., Rubin G.M., Venter J.C.;
RT "The genome sequence of Drosophila melanogaster."
RL Science 287:2185-2195(2000).
DR EMBL: AE003446; AAF46447.1; -
DR FlyBase: FBgn0030090; ldl4.
SQ SEQUENCE 186 AA; 20461 MW; D2B4ED097ACA6420 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 5; Length 186;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 1.9e+02;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 110 DRVYI 114

RESULT 8
O28741 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 195 AA.
AC O28741
DT 01-JAN-1998 (TrEMBLrel. 05, Created)
DT 01-JAN-1998 (TrEMBLrel. 05, Last sequence update)
DT 01-AUG-1998 (TrEMBLrel. 07, Last annotation update)
DE CONSERVED HYPOTHETICAL PROTEIN.
GN AF1531.
OS Archaeoglobus fulgidus.
OC Archaea; Euryarchaeota; Archaeoglobales; Archaeoglobaceae;
OC Archaeoglobus.
OX NCBI_TaxID=2234;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=VC-16 / DSM 4304 / ATCC 49558;
RX MEDLINE=98049343; PubMed=9389475;
RA Klenk H.-P., Clayton R.A., Tomb J.-F., White O., Nelson K.E.,
RA Ketchum K.A., Dodson R.J., Gwinn M., Hickey E.K., Peterson J.D.,
RA Richardson D.L., Kerlavage A.R., Graham D.E., Kyrpides N.C.,
RA Fleischmann R.D., Quackenbush J., Lee N.H., Sutton G.G., Gill S.,
RA Fierckness E.F., Dougherty B.A., McKenney K., Adams M.D., Loftus B.,
RA Peterson S., Reich C.I., McNeil L.K., Badger J.H., Glodek A., Zhou L.,
RA Overbeek R., Gocayne J.D., Weidman J.F., McDonald L., Uteckback T.,
RA Cotton M.D., Spriggs T., Artiach P., Kaine B.P., Sykes S.M.,
RA Sadow P.W., D'Andrea K.P., Bowman C., Fujii C., Garland S.R.,
RA Mason T.M., Olsen G.J., Fraser C.M., Smith H.O., Woese C.R.,
RA Venter J.C.;
RT "The complete genome sequence of the hyperthermophilic, sulphate-
RT reducing archaeon Archaeoglobus fulgidus."
RL Nature 390:364-370(1997).

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DR EMBL; AE000997; AAB89717.1; -.
DR TIGR; AF1531; -.
KW Hypothetical protein; Complete proteome.
SQ SEQUENCE 195 AA; 23194 MW; C244F95420565E2C CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 1; Length 195;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 68 DRVYI 72

RESULT 9
O66729
ID O66729 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 238 AA.
AC O66729;
DT 01-AUG-1998 (TREMBLrel. 07, Created)
DT 01-AUG-1998 (TREMBLrel. 07, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE ABC TRANSPORTER.
GN ABC7 OR AQ.413.
OS Aquifex aeolicus.
OC Bacteria; Aquificales; Aquificaceae; Aquifex.
OX NCBI_TaxID=63363;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RC STRAIN=VF5;
RX MEDLINE=98196666; PubMed=9537320;
RA Deckert G., Warren P.V., Gaasterland T., Young W.G., Lenox A.L.,
RA Graham D.E., Overbeek R., Snead M.A., Keller M., Aujay M., Huber R.,
RA Feldman R.A., Short J.M., Olson G.J., Swanson R.V.;
R2 "The complete genome of the hyperthermophilic bacterium Aquifex
RT aeolicus."
RL Nature 392:353-358(1998).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: TO THE ATP-BINDING TRANSPORT PROTEIN FAMILY (ABC
CC TRANSPORTERS).
CC EMBL; AE000689; AAC06695.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR003593; AAA.
DR InterPro; IPR003439; ABC_transportr.
DR InterPro; IPR001687; ATP_GTP_A.
DR Pfam; PF00005; ABC_tran; 1.
DR SMART; SM00382; AAA; 1.
DR PROSITE; PS00211; ABC_TRANSPORTER; 1.
KW ATP-binding; Complete proteome; Transport.
SQ SEQUENCE 238 AA; 26457 MW; 032A46CD90CEA8E5 CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 238;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 202 DRVYI 206

RESULT 10
Q44326
ID Q44326 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 248 AA.
AC Q44326;
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLrel. 01, Created)
DT 01-NOV-1996 (TREMBLrel. 01, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE MOCC PROTEIN.
GN MOCC.
OS Agrobacterium radiobacter.
OG Plasmid pTil5955.
OC Bacteria; Proteobacteria; alpha subdivision; Rhizobiaceae group;
OC Rhizobiaceae; Rhizobium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=358;

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RN SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RP STRAIN=15955;
RX MEDLINE=96236046; PubMed=8655509;
RA Kim K.S., Farrand S.K.;
RT "Ti plasmid-encoded genes responsible for catabolism of the crown gall
RT opine mannopine by Agrobacterium tumefaciens are homologs of the T-
RT region genes responsible for synthesis of this opine by the plant
RT tumor."
RL J. Bacteriol. 178:3275-3284(1996).
CC -1- SIMILARITY: TO THE SHORT-CHAIN DEHYDROGENASES/REDUCTASES (SDR)
CC FAMILY.
DR EMBL; AF242881; AAB07783.1; -.
DR InterPro; IPR002198; ADH_short.
DR Pfam; PF00106; adh_short; 1.
DR PRINTS; PR00080; SDRFAMILY.
KW Oxidoreductase; plasmid.
SQ SEQUENCE 248 AA; 26810 MW; 10B69239CDEBB68D CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 2; Length 248;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 221 DRVYI 225

RESULT 11
Q9C445
ID Q9C445 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 291 AA.
AC Q9C445;
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Created)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last sequence update)
DT 01-JUN-2001 (TREMBLrel. 17, Last annotation update)
DE PAXU.
GN PAXU.
OS Penicillium paxilli.
OC Eukaryota; Fungi; Ascomycota; Pezizomycotina; Eurotiomycetes;
OC Eurotiales; Trichocomaceae; mitosporic Trichocomaceae; Penicillium.
OX NCBI_TaxID=70109;
RN [1]
RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
RX PubMed-11169115;
RA Young C., McMillan L., Telfer E., Scott B.;
RT "Molecular cloning and genetic analysis of an indole-diterpene gene
RL Mol. Microbiol. 39:754-764(2001).
DR EMBL; AF279808; AAK11532.1; -.
SQ SEQUENCE 291 AA; 32954 MW; CFC35136FD40763E CRC64;

Query Match
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Score 26; DB 3; Length 291;
Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
Db 16 DRVYI 20

RESULT 12
Q9HBV1
ID Q9HBV1 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 291 AA.
AC Q9HBV1;
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Created)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
DT 01-MAR-2001 (TREMBLrel. 16, Last annotation update)
DE POPEYE PROTEIN 3.
GN POP3.
OS Homo sapiens (Human).
OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;

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OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
 RN [1]
 RX SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RP MEDLINE=20341060; PubMed=10882522;
 RA Andrew B., Hillemann T., Kessler-Ickson G., Schmitt-John T.,
 RA Jockusch H., Arnold H.H., Brand T.;
 RT "Isolation and characterization of the novel popeye gene family
 expressed in skeletal muscle and heart."
 RL Dev. Biol. 223:371-382(2000).
 DR EMBL: AF204171; AAG23404.1; -;
 SQ SEQUENCE 291 AA; 33810 MW; 49B6EF5DBC02DDC2 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 291;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.1e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 248 DRVYI 252
 |||||

RESULT 13
 Q9ES81 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 291 AA.
 ID Q9ES81
 AC Q9ES81;
 DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
 DE POPEYE PROTEIN 3.
 DE POP3.
 GN POP3.
 OS Mus musculus (Mouse).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=10090;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RX MEDLINE=20341060; PubMed=10882522;
 RA Andrew B., Hillemann T., Kessler-Ickson G., Schmitt-John T.,
 RA Jockusch H., Arnold H.H., Brand T.;
 RT "Isolation and characterization of the novel popeye gene family
 expressed in skeletal muscle and heart."
 RL Dev. Biol. 223:371-382(2000).
 DR EMBL: AF204176; AAG23409.1; -;
 DR MGD; MGI:1930153; Pop3.
 SQ SEQUENCE 291 AA; 33612 MW; 8AC6BFE107AEE12 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 11; Length 291;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.1e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 248 DRVYI 252
 |||||

RESULT 14
 Q9HA44 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 295 AA.
 ID Q9HA44
 AC Q9HA44;
 DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Created)
 DT 01-MAR-2001 (TrEMBLrel. 16, Last sequence update)
 DE CDNA FLJ12268 FIS CLONE MAMMA1001627, HIGHLY SIMILAR TO HOMO SAPIENS
 DE TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR TBX6.
 OS Homo sapiens (Human).
 OC Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi;
 OC Mammalia; Eutheria; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=9606;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.

RC TISSUE=MAMMARY GLAND;
 RA Isogai T., Ota T., Hayashi K., Sugiyama T., Otsuki T., Suzuki Y.,
 RA Nishikawa T., Nagai K., Sugano S., Shiratori A., Sudo H.,
 RA Wagatsuma M., Hosoliri T., Kaku Y., Kodaira H., Kondo H., Sugawara M.,
 RA Takahashi M., Chiba Y., Ishida S., Murakawa K., Ono Y., Takiguchi S.,
 RA Watanabe S., Kimura K., Murakami K., Ishii S., Kawai Y., Saito K.,
 RA Yamamoto J., Wakamatsu A., Nakamura Y., Nagahari K., Masuho Y.,
 RA Nimoto Y., Iwayanagi T.;
 RT "NEDO human cDNA sequencing project."
 RL Submitted (AUG-2000) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL: AK022330; BAB14014.1; -;
 DR InterPro: IPR001699; T-box.
 DR Pfam: PF00907; T-box; 1.
 DR PRINTS; PR00937; TBOX.
 DR SMART; SM00425; TBOX; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS01264; TBOX 2; 1.
 DR PROSITE; PS0252; TBOX 3; 1.
 SQ SEQUENCE 295 AA; 33197 MW; F2BD3E53E0ED21E0 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 4; Length 295;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.1e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 170 DRVYI 174
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RESULT 15
 O48726 PRELIMINARY; PRT; 312 AA.
 ID O48726
 AC O48726;
 DT 01-JUN-1998 (TrEMBLrel. 06, Created)
 DT 01-JUN-1998 (TrEMBLrel. 06, Last sequence update)
 DE 01-AUG-1998 (TrEMBLrel. 07, Last annotation update)
 DE T9J22.26 PROTEIN.
 DE T9J22.26.
 GN T9J22.26.
 OS Arabidopsis thaliana (Mouse-ear cress).
 OC Eukaryota; Viridiplantae; Streptophyta; Embryophyta; Tracheophyta;
 OC Spermatophyta; Magnoliophyta; eudicotyledons; core eudicots; Rosidae;
 OC eurosids II; Brassicales; Brassicaceae; Arabidopsids.
 OX NCBI_TaxID=3702;
 RN [1]
 RP SEQUENCE FROM N.A.
 RC STRAIN=CV, COLUMBIA;
 RA Rounsley S.D., Lin X., Ketchum K.A., Crosby M.L., Brandon R.C.,
 RA Sykes S.M., Kaul S., Mason T.M., Kerlavage A.R., Adams M.D.,
 RA Somerville C.R., Venter J.C.;
 RL Submitted (APR-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DBJ databases.
 DR EMBL: AC002505; AAC14506.1; -;
 SQ SEQUENCE 312 AA; 34764 MW; 229F3B94EF849310 CRC64;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 26; DB 10; Length 312;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 3.3e+02;
 Matches 5; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 DRVYI 5
 Db 81 DRVYI 85
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Search completed: February 26, 2002, 08:17:48
 Job time: 127 sec
